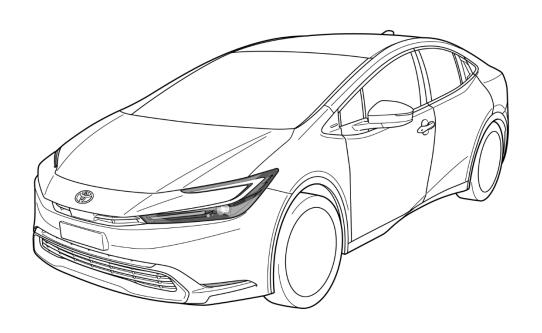


Gasoline-Electric

Hybrid Synergy Drive

HYBRID VEHIGLE
DISMANTLING
MANUAL



#### **Foreword**

#### for HEV Model:

This guide was developed to educate and assist dismantlers in the safe handling of Toyota PRIUS gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles. PRIUS dismantling procedures are similar to other non-hybrid Toyota vehicles with the exception of the high voltage electrical system. It is important to recognize and understand the high voltage electrical system features and specifications of the Toyota PRIUS, as they may not be familiar to dismantlers.

High voltage electricity powers the A/C compressor, front electric motor, rear electric motor (for AWD), generator, and inverter/converter. All other conventional automotive electrical devices such as the head lights, radio, and gauges are powered from a separate 12 Volt auxiliary battery. Numerous safeguards have been designed into the PRIUS to help ensure the high voltage, approximately 222.0 Volts, Lithiumion (Li-ion) Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery assembly\*1 or 207.2 Volts, Lithiumion (Li-ion) Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery assembly\*2 is kept safe and secure in an accident.

The Li-ion HV battery assembly contains sealed batteries that are similar to rechargeable batteries used in some battery operated power tools and other consumer products. The electrolyte is absorbed in the cell plates and will not normally leak out even if the battery is cracked.

High voltage cables, identifiable by orange insulation and connectors, are isolated from the metal chassis of the vehicle.

\*1: for M20A-FXS Engine

\*2: for 2ZR-FXE Engine

Additional topics contained in the guide include:

- Toyota PRIUS identification.
- Major hybrid component locations and descriptions.

By following the information in this guide, dismantlers will be able to handle PRIUS hybrid-electric vehicles as safely as the dismantling of a conventional gasoline engine automobile.

#### for PHEV Model:

This guide was developed to educate and assist dismantlers in the safe handling of Toyota PRIUS gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles. PRIUS dismantling procedures are similar to other non-hybrid Toyota vehicles with the exception of the high voltage electrical system. It is important to recognize and understand the high voltage electrical system features and specifications of the Toyota PRIUS, as they may not be familiar to dismantlers.

High voltage electricity powers the compressor with motor assembly, hybrid vehicle transaxle assembly, electric vehicle charger assembly and hybrid motor control inverter assembly. All other conventional automotive electrical devices such as the head lights, radio, and gauges are powered from a separate 12 V auxiliary battery. Numerous safeguards have been designed into the PRIUS to help ensure the high voltage, approximately 266.4 Volts, Lithium-ion (Li-ion) Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery assembly is kept safe and secure in an accident.

The Lithium-ion (Li-ion) HV battery assembly contains sealed batteries that are similar to rechargeable batteries used in some battery operated power tools and other consumer products. The electrolyte is absorbed in the cell plates and will not normally leak out even if the battery is cracked. If the electrolyte is leaking, do not touch any leaked liquid because it could be the organic electrolyte that contains carbonate ester-based.

If contact is unavoidable, wipe up the liquid using a cloth while wearing rubber gloves, goggles and an organic solvent mask. Do not leave electrolyte-contaminated cloths unattended. Please contaminated cloths in an appropriate airtight container and dispose of them according to local regulations. High voltage cables, identifiable by orange insulation and connectors, are isolated from the metal chassis of the vehicle.

Additional topics contained in the guide include:

- Toyota PRIUS identification.
- Major hybrid component locations and descriptions.

By following the information in this guide, dismantlers will be able to handle PRIUS hybrid-electric vehicles as safely as the dismantling of a conventional gasoline engine automobile.

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#### **About the PRIUS (for HEV Model)**

The PRIUS 5-door hatchback joins the hybrid model for Toyota. Hybrid Synergy Drive means that the vehicle contains a gasoline, a front electric motor and a rear electric motor\* for power.

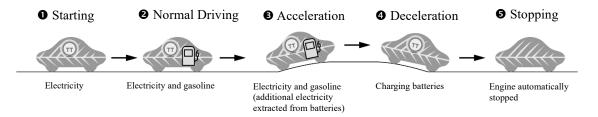
The two hybrid power sources are stored on board the vehicle:

- 1. Gasoline stored in the fuel tank for the gasoline engine.
- 2. Electricity stored in a high voltage Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery assembly for the front electric motor and rear electric motor\*.

The result of combining these two power sources is improved fuel economy and reduced emissions. The gasoline engine also powers an electric generator to recharge the battery assembly; unlike a pure all electric vehicle, the PRIUS never needs to be recharged from an external electric power source.

Depending on the driving conditions one or both sources are used to power the vehicle. The following illustration demonstrates how the PRIUS operates in various driving modes.

- During light acceleration at low speeds, the vehicle is powered by the front electric motor and rear electric motor\*. The gasoline engine is shut off.
- During normal driving, the vehicle is powered mainly by the gasoline engine. The gasoline engine also powers the generator to recharge the battery assembly and to drive the motor.
- Ouring full acceleration, such as climbing a hill, both the gasoline engine, the front electric motor and rear electric motor\* power the vehicle.
- During deceleration, such as when braking, the vehicle regenerates kinetic energy from the front wheels to produce electricity that recharges the battery assembly.
- **6** While the vehicle is stopped, the gasoline engine, front electric motor and rear electric motor\* are off, however the vehicle remains on and operational.



\*: for AWD

#### **About the PRIUS (for PHEV Model)**

The PRIUS contains a gasoline engine, an electric motor, and a developed large capacity Li-ion battery. It is the Toyota hybrid that allows the HV battery to be plugged-in and charged by an external power source.

The two hybrid power sources are stored on board the vehicle:

- 1. Gasoline stored in the fuel tank for the gasoline engine.
- 2. Electricity stored in a large capacity externally chargeable high voltage Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery assembly for the electric motor.

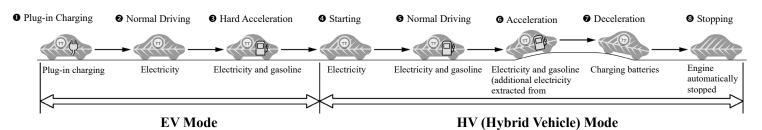
Depending on the driving conditions, one or both sources are used to power the vehicle. The following illustration demonstrates how the PRIUS operates in various driving modes.

#### **EV (Electric Vehicle) Mode:**

- A plug-in charge control system has been adopted, which allows electrical power to be supplied to the HV battery from external power source such as an electrical socket or charger.
- **②** When the HV battery is sufficiently charged, the vehicle will basically run on the power of the motor.
- If the vehicle exceeds 135 km/h or accelerates suddenly when traveling in plug-in EV mode, the gasoline engine and motor work together to power the vehicle.

#### HV (Hybrid Vehicle) Mode:

- **4** During light acceleration at low speeds, the vehicle is powered by the electric motor. The gasoline engine is shut off.
- During normal driving, the vehicle is powered mainly by the gasoline engine. The gasoline engine also powers the generator to recharge the battery assembly and to drive the motor.
- **6** During full acceleration, such as climbing a hill, both the gasoline engine and the electric motor power the vehicle.
- During deceleration, such as when braking, the vehicle regenerates the kinetic energy from the wheels to produce electricity that recharges the battery assembly.
- **3** While the vehicle is stopped, the gasoline engine and electric motor are off, however the vehicle remains on and operational.



3

#### **PRIUS Identification**

In appearance, the PRIUS is a 5-door hatchback. Exterior, interior, and engine compartment illustrations are provided to assist in identification.

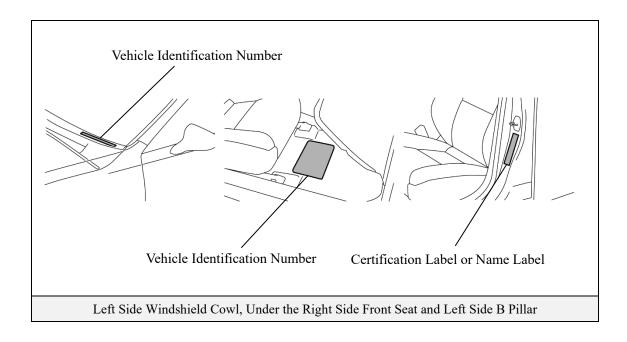
The alphanumeric 15 character Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) is provided on the left side windshield cowl, floor under the right side front seat and left side B pillar.

Example VIN:

JTDACAAU 0000000	
JIDA <u>C</u> AAU UUUUUU	
_	
0	
•	

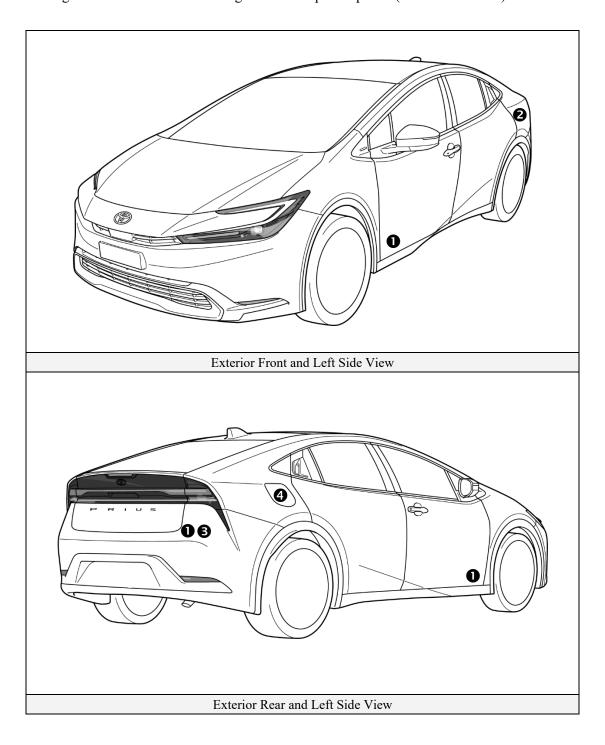
A PRIUS is identified by the 5th alphanumeric character of the VIN.

0	Drive Type	Engine Series
С	2WD	M20A-FXS
D	AWD	M20A-FXS
Е	2WD	2ZR-FXE



### **Exterior**

- logos on the back door and each front door.
- **2** Gasoline fuel filler door located on left side rear quarter panel.
- or logos on the back door. (for PHEV Model)
- 4 Charge inlet door located on the right side rear quarter panel. (for PHEV Model)

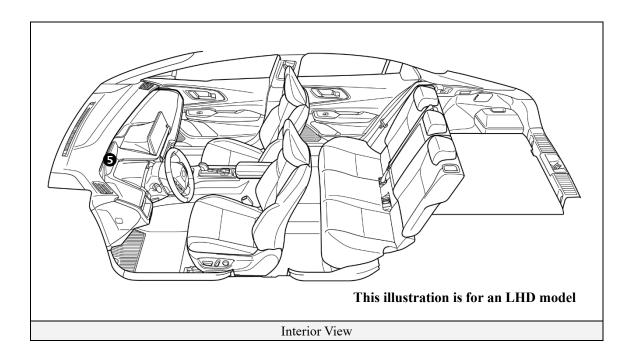


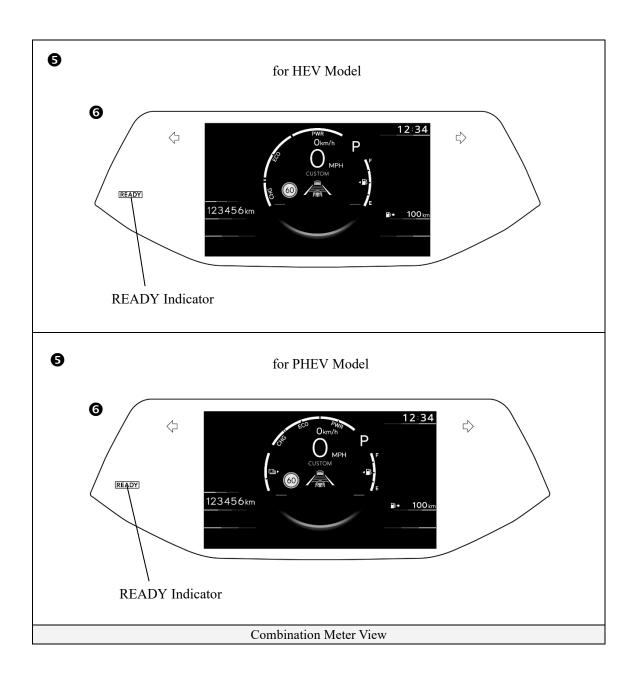
# <u>Interior</u>

- **3** The instrument cluster (hybrid system indicator, **READY** indicator, and warning lights) is located in the dash behind the steering wheel.
- **6** In place of a tachometer, a hybrid system indicator is used to show power output.

#### **NOTICE:**

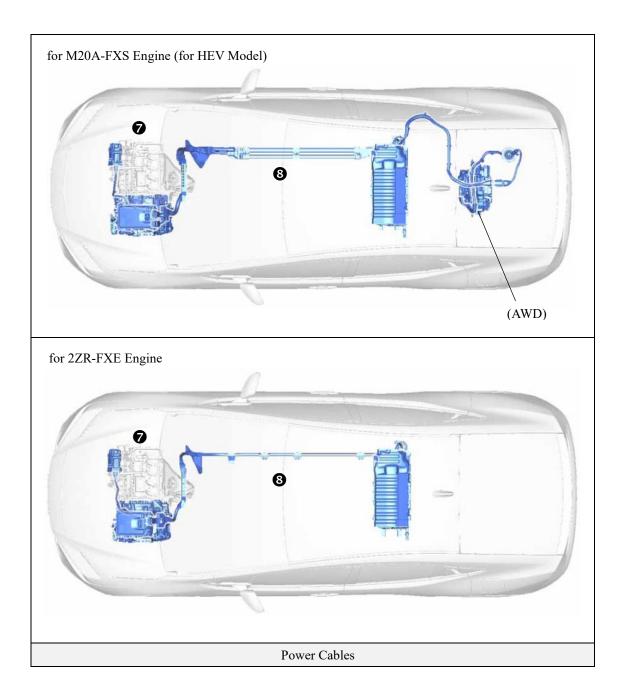
If the vehicle is shut off, the instrument cluster gauges will be "blacked out", not illuminated.

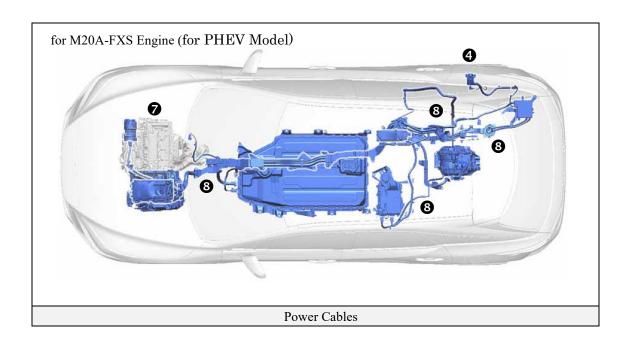




# **Engine Compartment**

- 2.0-liter or 1.8-liter aluminum alloy gasoline engine.
- Orange colored high voltage power cables.





# **Hybrid Component Locations & Descriptions**

### for HEV Model

Component	Location	Description
12 Volts Auxiliary Battery <b>●</b>	Luggage Compartment*2 or Engine Compartment*3	Supplies electricity to the electrical components.
Hybrid Vehicle (HV) Battery Assembly 2	Cabin Area, Mounted Under Rear Seat	<ul> <li>Supplies electrical power to MG1, MG2 and MGR*1 in accordance with the driving conditions of the vehicle.</li> <li>Recharged by MG1, MG2 and MGR*1 in accordance with the SOC and the driving conditions of the vehicle.</li> </ul>
Power Cables <b>3</b>	Undercarriage and Engine Compartment	Connects the HV battery, inverter with converter assembly, hybrid vehicle transaxle assembly, rear drive unit (rear traction motor with transaxle assembly)*1 and compressor with motor assembly.
Inverter/Converter	Engine Compartment	<ul> <li>*Converts the direct current from the boost converter into alternating current for MG1, MG2 and MGR*1, and vice versa (from AC to DC).</li> <li>*Boosts the HV battery nominal voltage of DC 222.0 V*2 / DC 207.2 V*3 up to a maximum voltage of DC 600 V and vice versa (steps down DC 600 V to DC 222.0 V*2 / DC 207.2 V*3).</li> </ul>
Gasoline Engine	Engine compartment	Provides two functions:  1) Powers vehicle.  2) Powers generator to recharge the HV battery assembly.  The engine is started and stopped under control of the vehicle computer.
Front Electric Motor	Engine compartment	<ul> <li>MG2, which is driven by electrical power from MG1 and the HV battery, generates motive force for the drive wheels.</li> <li>During braking, or when the accelerator pedal is not depressed, it generates high-voltage electricity to recharge the HV battery.</li> </ul>

Component	Location	Description	
Electric Generator	Engine compartment	MG1, which is driven by the engine, generates high-voltage electricity in order to operate MG2, MGR*1 and charge the HV battery. Also, it functions as a starter to start the engine.	
A/C Compressor (with inverter) <b>3</b>	Engine compartment	•If driven by the hybrid vehicle control ECU, uses power from the HV battery to intake, compress and discharge refrigerant at a speed calculated by the air conditioning amplifier assembly, in order to provide constant air conditioning operation regardless of the engine operation state. •If HV battery cooling is necessary, supplies refrigerant to the HV battery coolant routes.	
DC-DC Converter for 12 Volts Auxiliary Battery 9	Engine compartment	Steps down the HV battery nominal voltage of DC 222.0 V*2 / 207.2 V*3 Volts to approximately DC 14 Volts in order to supply electricity to the electrical components, as well as to recharge the auxiliary battery.	
Fuel Tank and Fuel Line <b>©</b>	Undercarriage and Center	The fuel tank provides gasoline via a fuel line to the engine. The fuel line is routed under the center of vehicle.	
Rear Electric Motor*1 <b>1</b>	Under the Luggage Compartment	MGR, which is driven by electrical power from MG1 and the HV battery, generates motive force for the drive wheels.	

<sup>\*</sup>Numbers in the component column apply to the illustrations on the following page.

\*1: for AWD

\*2: for Models with M20A-FXS engine

\*3: for Models with 2ZR-FXE engine

#### for PHEV Model

Component	Location	Description		
12 Volts Auxiliary Battery <b>①</b>	Luggage Compartment	Supplies electricity to the electrical components.		
Hybrid Vehicle (HV) Battery Assembly 2	Undercarriage	•Supplies electrical power to MG1 and MG2 in accordance with the driving conditions of the vehicle. •Recharged by MG1 and MG2 in accordance with the SOC and the driving conditions of the vehicle.		
Power Cables <b>9</b>	Undercarriage and Engine Compartment	Connects the HV battery, inverter with converter assembly, hybrid vehicle transaxle assembly and compressor with motor assembly.		
Inverter/Converter	Engine Compartment	<ul> <li>Converts the direct current from the boost converter into alternating current for MG1 and MG2, and vice versa (from AC to DC).</li> <li>Boosts the HV battery nominal voltage of DC 226.4 V up to a maximum voltage of DC 650 V and vice versa (steps down DC 650 V to DC 226.4 V).</li> </ul>		
Engine compartment  Gasoline Engine		Provides two functions: 1) Powers vehicle. 2) Powers generator to recharge the HV battery assembly. The engine is started and stopped under control of the vehicle computer.		
Front Electric Motor	Engine compartment	<ul> <li>•MG2, which is driven by electrical power from MG1 and the HV battery, generates motive force for the drive wheels.</li> <li>•During braking, or when the accelerator pedal is not depressed, it generates high-voltage electricity to recharge the HV battery.</li> </ul>		

Component	Location	Description	
Electric Generator	Engine compartment	MG1, which is driven by the engine, generates high-voltage electricity in order to operate MG2 and charge the HV battery. Also, it functions as a starter to start the engine.	
A/C Compressor (with inverter) <b>3</b>	Engine compartment	•If driven by the hybrid vehicle control ECU, uses power from the HV battery to intake, compress and discharge refrigerant at a speed calculated by the air conditioning amplifier assembly, in order to provide constant air conditioning operation regardless of the engine operation state. •If HV battery cooling is necessary, supplies refrigerant to the HV battery coolant routes.	
DC-DC Converter for 12 Volts Auxiliary Battery 9	Engine compartment	Steps down the HV battery nominal voltage of DC 226.4 V Volts to approximately DC 14 Volts in order to supply electricity to the electrical components, as well as to recharge the auxiliary battery.	
Fuel Tank and Fuel Line <b>©</b>	Undercarriage and Center		

<sup>\*</sup>Numbers in the component column apply to the illustrations on the following page.

#### **Specifications**

Gasoline Engine: 112 kW, 2.0 liter Aluminum Alloy Engine\*2

72 kW, 1.8 liter Aluminum Alloy Engine\*3

**Electric Motors** 

Front: 83 kW, Permanent Magnet Motor\*2

70 kW, Permanent Magnet Motor\*3 120 kW, Permanent Magnet Motor\*4

Rear: 30 kW, Permanent Magnet Motor\*1

Transmission: Automatic Only

HV Battery: 222.0 V Sealed Li-ion-Battery\*2

207.2 V Sealed Li-ion-Battery\*3 266.4 V Sealed Li-ion-Battery\*4

Curb Weight: 2,976-3,230 lbs / 1,350-1,465 kg

3,225-3,351 lbs / 1,465-1,520 kg\*1 3,406-3,571 lbs / 1,545-1,620 kg\*4

Fuel Tank: 9.5 Imp gals / 11.4 U.S. gals / 43 liters

8.8 Imp gals / 10.6 U.S. gals / 40 liters\*1,\*4

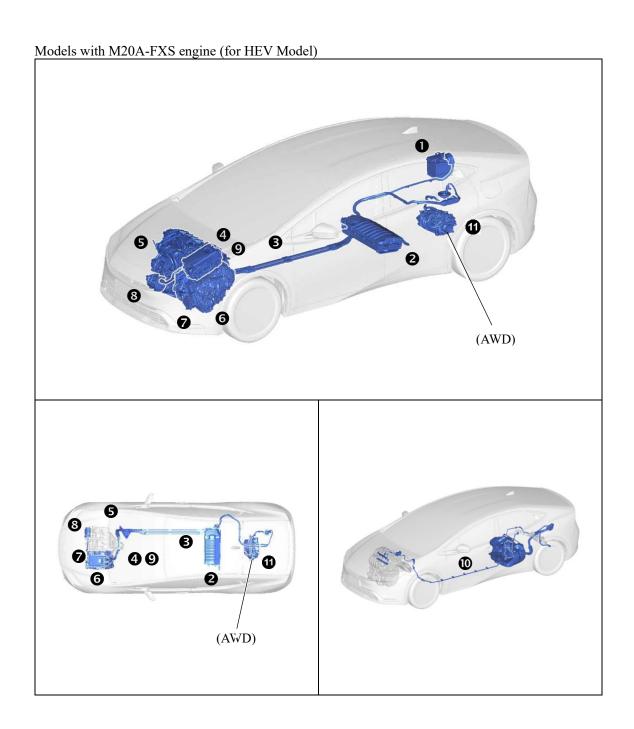
Frame Material: Steel Unibody
Body Material: Steel Panels
Seating Capacity: 5 passenger

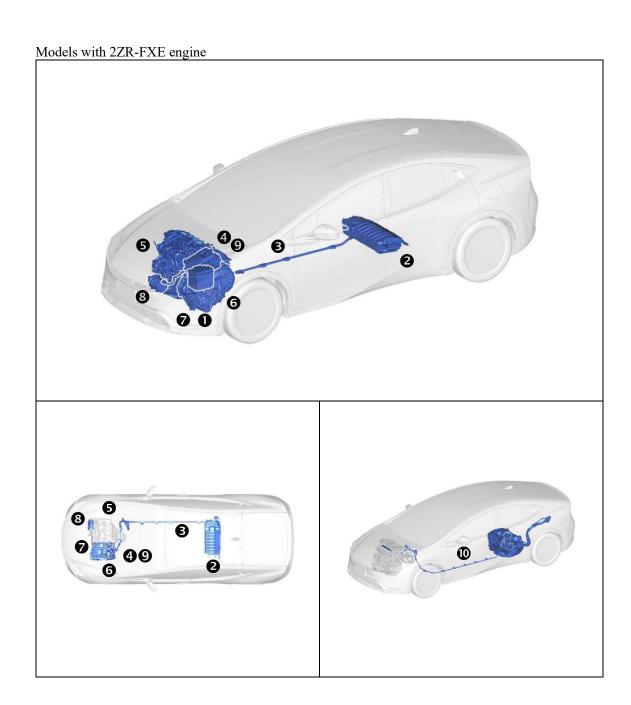
<sup>\*1:</sup> AWD Models

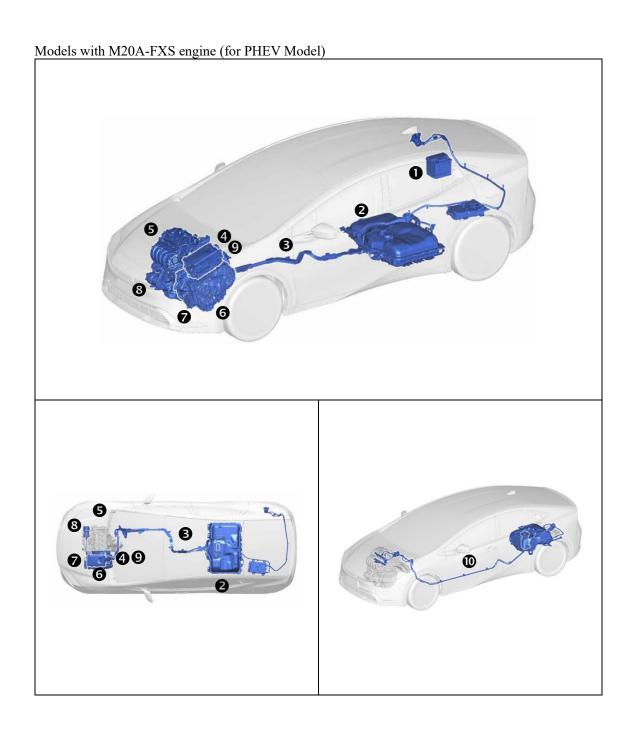
<sup>\*2:</sup> Models with M20A-FXS engine (for HEV Model)

<sup>\*3:</sup> Models with 2ZR-FXE engine

<sup>\*4:</sup> Models with M20A-FXS engine (for PHEV Model)







#### **Hybrid Synergy Drive Operation**

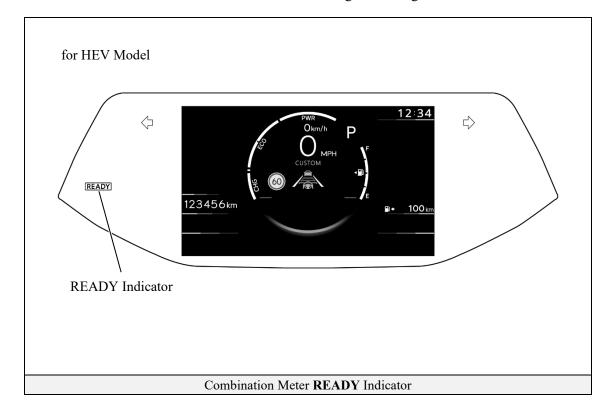
Once the **READY** indicator is illuminated in the instrument cluster, the vehicle may be driven. However, the gasoline engine does not idle like a typical automobile and will start and stop automatically. It is important to recognize and understand the **READY** indicator provided in the instrument cluster. When illuminated, it informs the driver that the vehicle is on and operational even though the gasoline engine may be off and the engine compartment is silent.

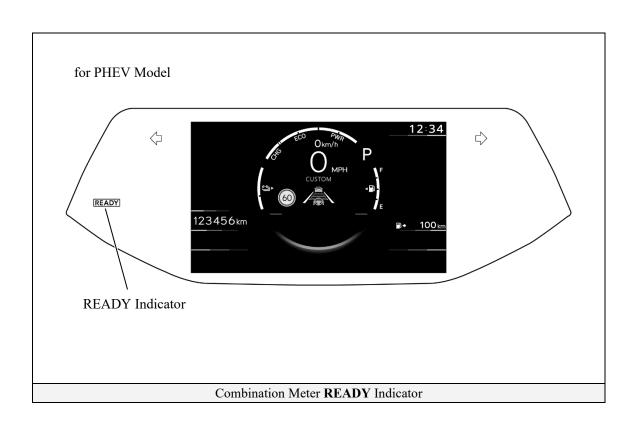
#### Vehicle Operation

- With the PRIUS, the gasoline engine may stop and start at any time while the **READY** indicator is on.
- Never assume that the vehicle is shut off just because the engine is off. Always look for the **READY** indicator status. The vehicle is shut off when the **READY** indicator is off.

The vehicle may be powered by:

- 1. The electric motor only.
- 2. A combination of both the electric motor and the gasoline engine.





#### Hybrid Vehicle (HV) Battery Assembly and Auxiliary Battery

The PRIUS features a high voltage Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery assembly that contains sealed Lithium-ion (Li-ion) battery cells.

#### **HV Battery Assembly**

- The HV battery assembly is enclosed in a metal case and is rigidly mounted to the cabin area under the rear seat. The metal case is isolated from high voltage and concealed by carpet covers in the cabin area.
- The HV battery assembly consists of 60\*1 / 56\*2 / 72\*3 low voltage (3.7 Volt) Li-ion battery cells connected in series to produce approximately 222.0 V\*1 / 207.2 V\*2 / 266.4 V\*3 Volts. Each Li-ion battery cell is non-spillable and in a sealed case.
- The electrolyte used in the Li-ion battery cells is a flammable organic electrolyte. The electrolyte is absorbed into the battery cell separator and will not normally leak, even in a collision.

HV Battery Assembly		
Battery assembly voltage	222.0 V*1 / 207.2 V*2 / 266.4 V*3	
Number of Li-ion battery cells in the pack	60*1 / 56*2 / 72*3	
Li-ion battery cell voltage	3.7 Volts	

<sup>\*1:</sup> Models with M20A-FXS (for HEV Model) engine

#### Components Powered by the HV Battery Assembly

• Front Electric Motor

Power Cables

• Inverter/Converter

• Rear Electric Motor (for AWD)

• Electric Generator

• A/C Compressor

- DC-DC Converter for 12 Volts Auxiliary Battery

<sup>\*2:</sup> Models with 2ZR-FXE engine

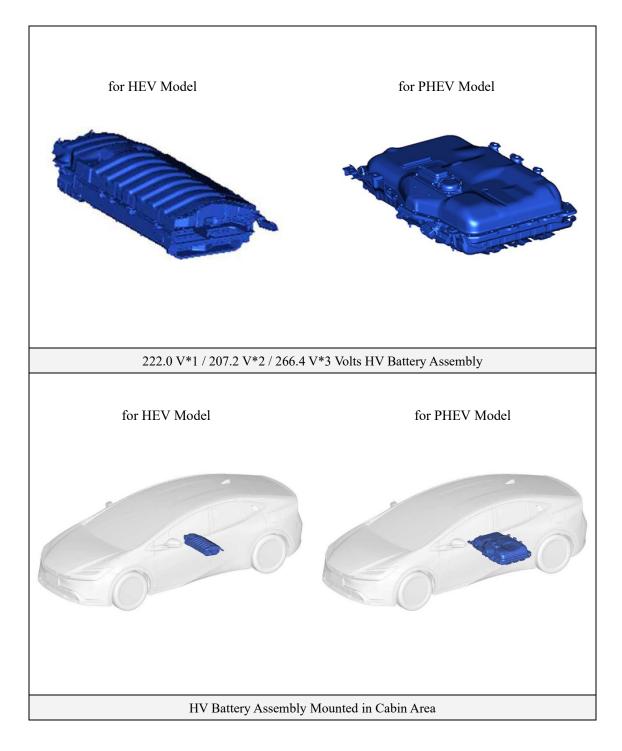
<sup>\*3:</sup> Models with M20A-FXS (for PHEV Model) engine

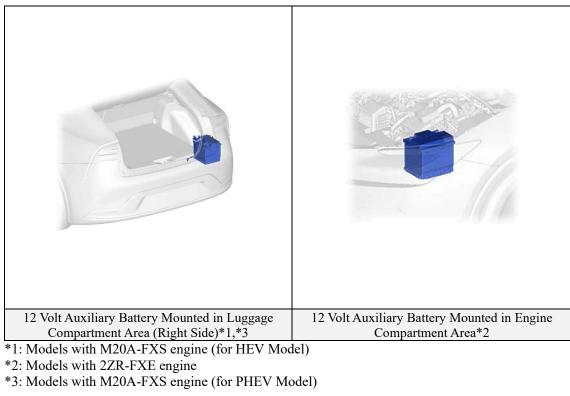
#### **HV Battery Assembly Recycling**

• The HV battery assembly is recyclable. Contact either your Toyota distributor as mentioned on the caution label on the HV battery or the nearest Toyota dealer.

#### **Auxiliary Battery**

- The PRIUS also contains a sealed lead-acid 12 Volts battery. This 12 Volts auxiliary battery powers the vehicle electrical system similar to a conventional vehicle. As with other conventional vehicles, the auxiliary battery is grounded to the metal chassis of the vehicle.
- The auxiliary battery is located in the luggage compartment area (Models with M20A-FXS engine) or engine compartment area (Models with 2ZR-FXE engine). It is concealed by a plastic resin cover on the right side in the battery compartment.





#### **High Voltage Safety**

The HV battery assembly powers the high voltage electrical system with DC electricity. Positive and negative orange colored high voltage power cables are routed from the battery assembly, under the vehicle floor pan, to the inverter/converter. The inverter/converter contains a circuit that boosts the HV battery voltage from 222.0 V\*1 / 207.2 V\*2 / 266.4 V\*3 to 600\*1\*2 / 650\*3 Volts DC. The inverter/converter creates 3-phase AC to power the motor. Power cables are routed from the inverter/converter to each high voltage motor (front and rear electric motor, electric generator, and A/C compressor). The following systems are intended to help keep occupants in the vehicle and emergency responders safe from high voltage electricity:

- \*1: Models with M20A-FXS engine (for HEV Model)
- \*2: Models with 2ZR-FXE engine
- \*3: Models with M20A-FXS engine (for PHEV Model)

#### High Voltage Safety System

• Positive and negative high voltage power cables **①**\* connected to the HV battery assembly are controlled by 12 Volts normally open relays **②**\*. When the vehicle is shut off, the relays stop electricity flow from leaving the HV battery assembly.



### WARNING:

- The high voltage system may remain powered for up to 10 minutes after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from severe burns or electric shock, avoid touching, cutting, or opening any orange high voltage power cable or high voltage component.
- Both positive and negative power cables **①**\* are insulated from the metal body. High voltage electricity flows through these cables and not through the metal vehicle body. The metal vehicle body is safe to touch because it is insulated from the high voltage components.
- A ground fault monitor **3**\* continuously monitors for high voltage leakage to the metal chassis while the vehicle is running. If a malfunction is detected, the hybrid vehicle computer **3**\* will a message indicating that the hybrid system is malfunctioning will be displayed on the multi-information display.
- The HV battery assembly relays will automatically open to stop electricity flow in a collision sufficient to activate the SRS.

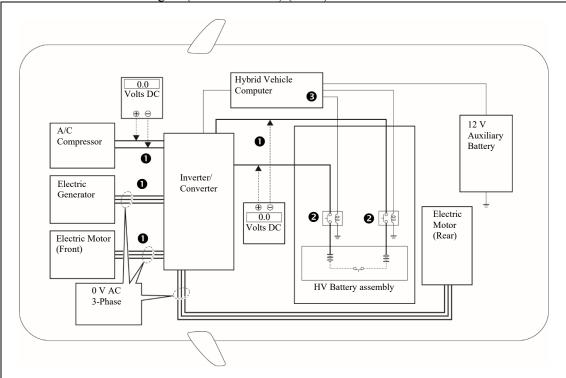
<sup>\*</sup>Numbers apply to the illustration on the following page.

#### Service Plug Grip

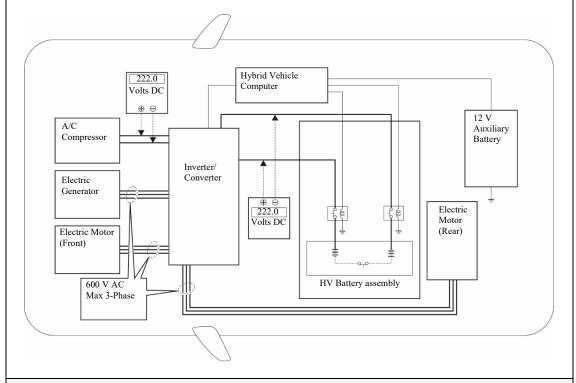
• The high voltage circuit is cut by removing the service plug grip (see page 30 or 37).

Models with M20A-FXS engine (for HEV Model) (2WD) Hybrid Vehicle 0.0 Computer € Volts DC  $\oplus$   $\ominus$ 12 V A/C Compressor Auxiliary Battery 0 0 0 Electric Inverter/ Generator Converter ⊕ ⊝ 0.0 0 **9** Volts DC 0 Electric Motor HV Battery assembly 0 V AC 3-Phase High Voltage Safety System – Vehicle Shut Off (READY-OFF) Hybrid Vehicle 222.0 Computer Volts DC ⊕ ⊖ 12 V A/C Auxiliary Compressor Battery Electric Inverter/ Generator ⊕ ⊖ 222.0 Volts DC Electric Motor HV Battery assembly 600 V AC Max 3-Phase High Voltage Safety System - Vehicle On and Operational (READY-ON)

Models with M20A-FXS engine (for HEV Model) (AWD)

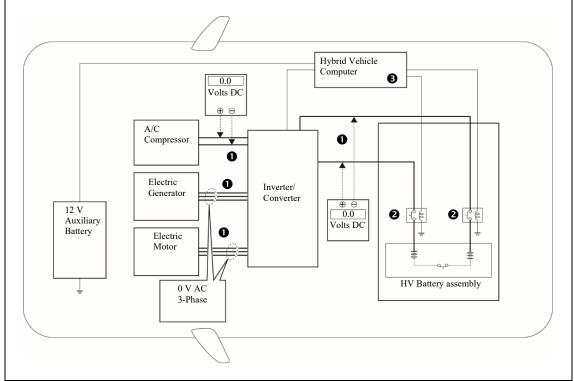


High Voltage Safety System – Vehicle Shut Off (READY-OFF)

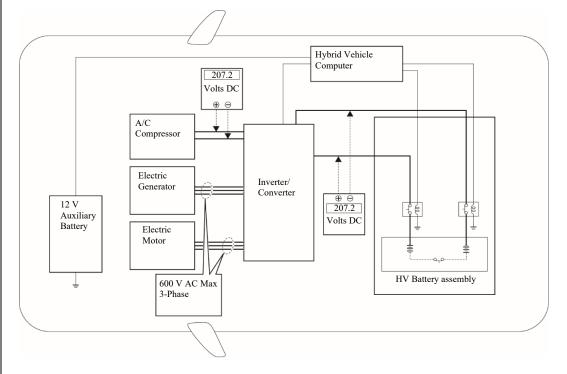


High Voltage Safety System - Vehicle On and Operational (READY-ON)



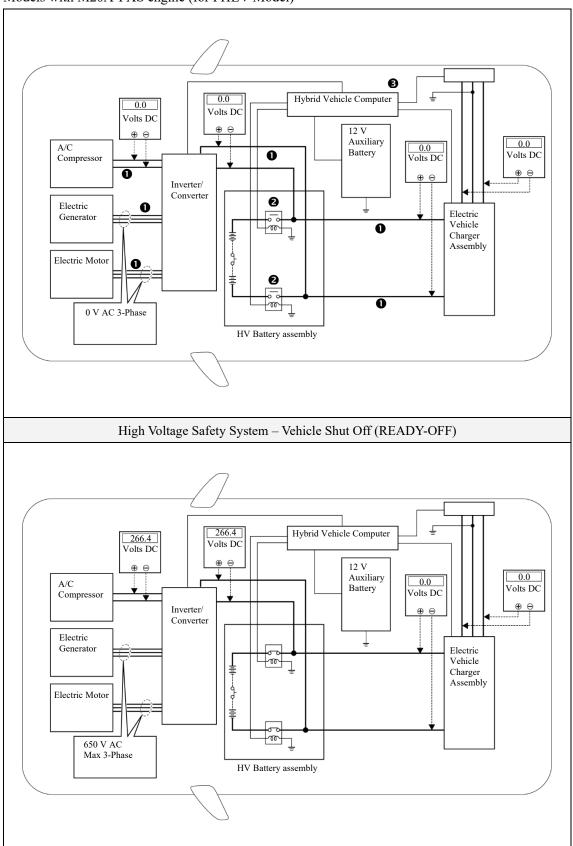


High Voltage Safety System – Vehicle Shut Off (READY-OFF)



High Voltage Safety System – Vehicle On and Operational (READY-ON)

#### Models with M20A-FXS engine (for PHEV Model)



High Voltage Safety System - Vehicle On and Operational (READY-ON)

### Precaution to be observed when dismantling the vehicle

- To prevent electric shock, wear insulated gloves when working on wire harnesses and components of the high voltage system.
  - Before using insulated gloves, be sure to check them for cracks, tears and other types of damage.
- When servicing the vehicle, do not carry metal objects like mechanical pencils or rulers that can be dropped accidentally and cause a short circuit.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to remove the service plug grip to cut off the high voltage circuit before servicing the vehicle.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to wait at least 10 minutes after removing the service plug grip to fully discharge the high voltage capacitor inside the inverter with converter assembly.
- Do not touch any high voltage wire harnesses, connectors or parts with bare hands.
- Do not touch the terminals of the service plug grip.
- Make sure to insulate the high-voltage connectors and terminals of the HV battery with insulating tape after removing them.
- After removing the service plug grip, put it in your pocket to prevent other technicians from accident ally reconnecting it while you are working on the high-voltage system.
- Before touching a bare high-voltage terminal, wear insulated gloves and use a tester to make sure that the terminal voltage is 0 V.
- Electrolyte leaks may cause acute poisoning if a high concentration of the vapor from the electrolyte is inhaled. In case of inhalation, move the affected person to a place with ample fresh air and let them lie quietly. Seek medical care.
- If the electrolyte comes in contact with your skin, wash the area thoroughly with soap and plenty of water, and seek medical care. If the electrolyte comes in contact with an article of clothing, take it off immediately. Prolonged contact with the electrolyte may cause skin irritation.
- If the electrolyte comes in contact with your eyes, call out loudly for help. Do not rub your eyes. Immediately flush them with a large amount of water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical care.
- If electrolyte is swallowed, seek medical care immediately. Do not induce vomiting, unless instructed by the doctor.
- If the vehicle catches on fire, use an ABC fire extinguisher to extinguish the fire.

  Trying to extinguish a fire using only a small amount of water can be more dangerous than effective.

  Use a substantial amount of water or wait for firefighters.
- Do not allow any foreign matter or water to enter the HV battery.

#### **Necessary Items**

- Protective clothing such as insulated gloves (electrically insulated), rubber gloves, helmet, safety goggles, safety shoes and SCBA or protective mask.
- Insulating tape such as electrical tape that has a suitable electrical insulation rating and insulation tool set.
- An electrical tester that is capable of measuring DC 750 Volts or more.

### **Spills**

The PRIUS contains the same common automotive fluids used in other non-hybrid Toyota vehicles, with the exception of the Li-ion electrolyte used in the HV battery assembly. The electrolyte used in the Li-ion battery cells is a flammable organic electrolyte. The electrolyte is absorbed into the battery cell separators, even if the battery cells are crushed or cracked, it is unlikely that liquid electrolyte will leak. Any liquid electrolyte that leaks from a Li-ion battery cell quickly evaporates.



# **WARNING:**

- The Li-ion battery contains organic electrolyte. Only a small amount may leak from the batteries which may irritate the eyes, nose, throat, and skin.
- · Contact with the vapor produced by the electrolyte may irritate the nose and throat.
- · To avoid injury by coming in contact with the electrolyte or vapor, wear personal protective equipment for organic electrolyte including SCBA or protective mask for organic gases.
- Handle Li-ion electrolyte spills using the following Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):
  - Splash shield or safety goggles. A fold down face shield is not acceptable for acid or electrolyte spills.
  - Rubber gloves or gloves suitable for organic solvents.
  - Apron suitable for organic solvents.
  - Rubber boots or boots suitable for organic solvents.
  - Protective mask for organic gases or SCBA.

# **Dismantling the vehicle (for HEV Model)**

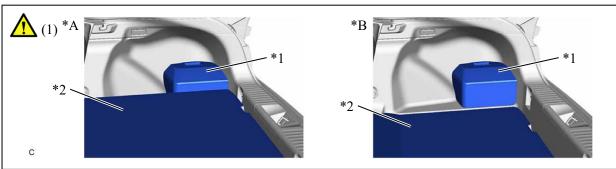
The following 7 pages contain general instructions for use when working on a PRIUS. Read these instructions before proceeding to the HV battery removal instructions on page 47.



# **!** WARNING:

- The high voltage system may remain powered for up to 10 minutes after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from severe burns or electric shock, avoid touching, cutting, or opening any orange high voltage power cable or any high voltage component.
- 1. Shut off the ignition (**READY** indicator is off).
- 2. Remove battery service hole cover assembly. (for M20A-FXS)

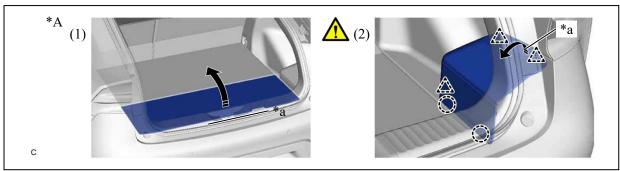
a.



*A	for Type A	*B	except Type A
*1	Battery Service Hole Cover Assembly	*2	Deck Board Assembly

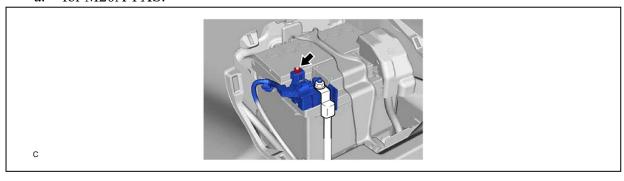
(1) Using the illustration, check the specification of the deck board assembly.

b.

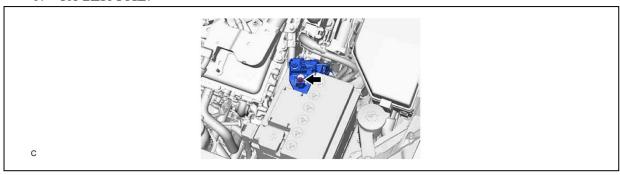


*A	for Type A	-	-
*a	Handle	-	-

- (1) for Type A:
  - a) Turn back the deck board assembly as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Pull the handle to disengage the 3 clips and 2 claws and remove the battery service hole cover assembly.
- 3. Disconnect cable from negative auxiliary battery terminal.
  - a. for M20A-FXS:

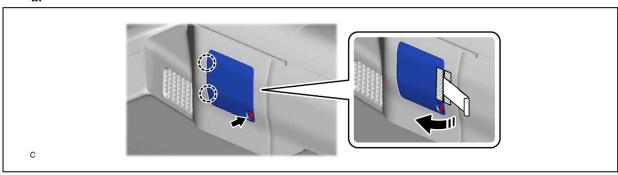


# b. for 2ZR-FXE:



# 4. Remove battery service hole cover.

a.



#### 5. Remove service plug grip.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Be sure to wear insulated gloves.
- Do not inspect or service the high voltage system with the service plug grip installed.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to remove the service plug grip to cut off the high voltage circuit before servicing the vehicle.





- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to wait at least 10 minutes after removing the service plug grip to fully discharge the high voltage capacitor inside the inverter with converter assembly.
- Keep the removed service plug grip in your pocket to prevent other technicians from accidentally installing it while you are servicing the vehicle.



#### **NOTICE:**

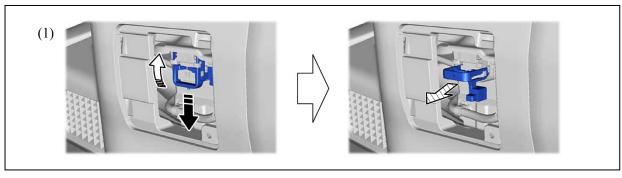
 After removing the service plug grip, turning the power switch on (READY) may cause a malfunction. Do not turn the power switch on (READY) unless instructed by the repair manual.



• Do not touch the terminals of the service plug grip.

#### HINT:

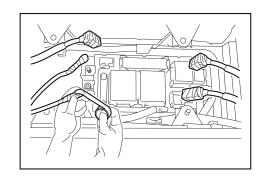
Waiting for at least 10 minutes is required to discharge the high voltage capacitor inside the inverter with converter assembly.



 Remove in this Direction (1)		Remove in this Direction (2)
Remove in this Direction (3)	ı	-

- (1) While wearing insulated gloves, rotate the handle of the service plug grip and remove the service plug grip as indicated by the arrows, in the order shown in the illustration.
- 6. Make other staff aware that a high-voltage system is being dismantled by using the following sign: CAUTION: HIGH-VOLTAGE. DO NOT TOUCH (see page 36).

7. After disconnecting or exposing a high-voltage connector or terminal, insulate it immediately using insulating tape. Before disconnecting or touching a bare high-voltage terminal, wear insulated gloves.



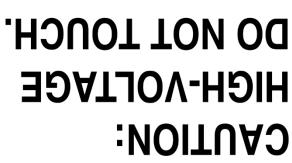
- 8. Check the HV battery and nearby area for leakage. If you find any liquid, wear rubber gloves and goggles, and wipe up the liquid using waste rags etc.
- 9. If the electrolyte comes in contact with your skin, wash the area thoroughly with soap and plenty of water, and seek medical care. If the electrolyte comes in contact with an article of clothing, take it off immediately. Prolonged contact with the electrolyte may cause skin irritation.
- 10. If the electrolyte comes in contact with your eyes, call out loudly for help. Do not rub your eyes. Wash them immediately with a large amount of water and seek medical care.
- 11. With the exception of the HV battery, remove parts by following procedures which are similar to conventional Toyota vehicles. For the removal of the HV battery, refer to the following pages.

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# CAUTION: HIGH-VOLTAGE DO NOT TOUCH.





Person in charge:

## **Dismantling the vehicle (for PHEV Model)**

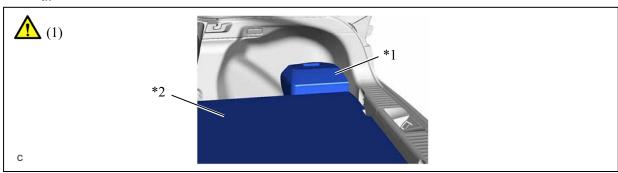
The following 7 pages contain general instructions for use when working on a PRIUS. Read these instructions before proceeding to the HV battery removal instructions on page 70.



# **WARNING:**

- The high voltage system may remain powered for up to 10 minutes after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from severe burns or electric shock, avoid touching, cutting, or opening any orange high voltage power cable or any high voltage component.
- 1. Shut off the ignition (**READY** indicator is off).
- 2. Remove battery service hole cover assembly.

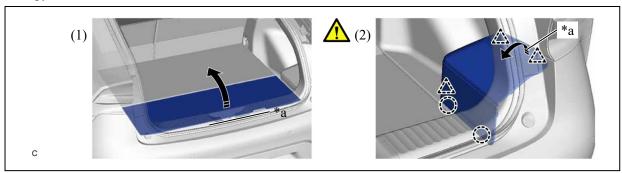
a.



|--|

(1) Using the illustration, check the specification of the deck board assembly.

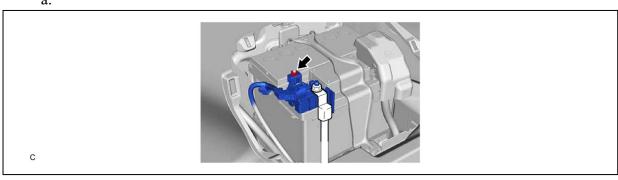
b.



*a	Handle	-	-

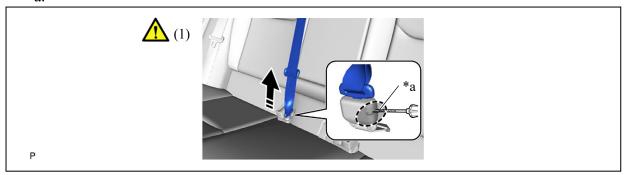
- (1) Turn back the deck board assembly as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Pull the handle to disengage the 3 clips and 2 claws and remove the battery service hole cover assembly.

## 3. Disconnect cable from negative auxiliary battery terminal.



4. Disconnect rear center seat outer belt assembly

а

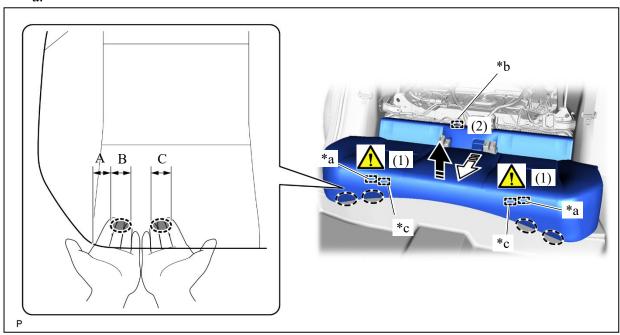


*a	Protective Tape	-	-
-	Remove in this Direction	$\bigcirc$	Insert Screwdriver Here

(1) Using a screwdriver with its tip wrapped with protective tape, disconnect the rear center seat outer belt assembly.

## 5. Remove rear seat cushion assembly

ล



*a	Rear Seat Cushion Frame Hook (Front Side)	*b	Rear Seat Cushion Frame Hook (Rear Side)
*c	Guide	-	-
	Place Hand Here	-	Remove in this Direction (1)
	Remove in this Direction (2)	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Lift the front edge of the rear seat cushion assembly as shown in the illustration and disengage the 2 rear seat cushion frame hooks on the front side of the rear seat cushion assembly from the rear seat cushion lock hooks.

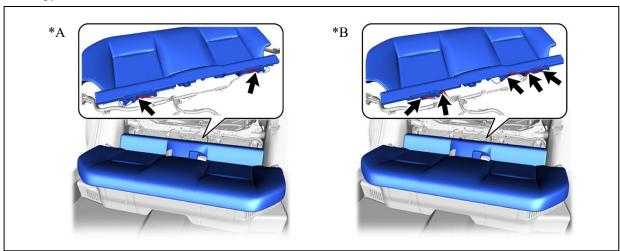
#### **Standard Measurement:**

Area	Measurement	Area	Measurement
A	55.0 mm (2.17 in.)	В	60.0 mm (2.36 in.)
С	62.0 mm (2.44 in.)	-	-

#### NOTICE:

- Disengage each hook at the front part of the rear seat cushion frame one area at a time.
- Be sure to hold the parts of the seat cushion assembly directly next to the rear seat cushion frame hooks when lifting it. Lifting a different part of the cushion may deform the rear seat cushion frame.
- (2) Disengage the rear seat cushion frame hook on the rear side of the rear seat cushion assembly as shown in the illustration.

b.



*A for Type A	*B for Type B	
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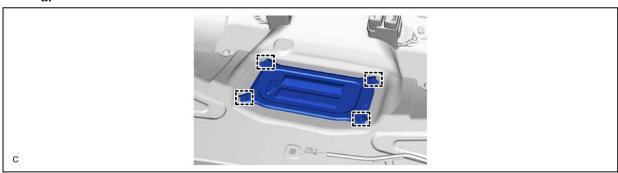
- (1) Disconnect each connector.
  - c. Remove the rear seat cushion assembly.

#### **NOTICE:**

Be careful not to damage the vehicle body.

6. Remove rear floor service hole cover.

a.



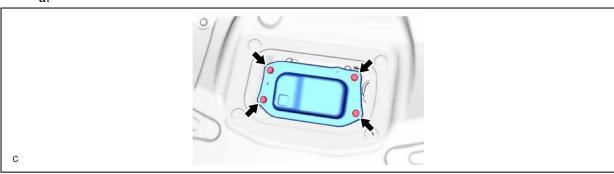
7. Remove No. 2 traction battery cover.



## **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

a.



8. Remove No. 1 hybrid battery seal.



#### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.



#### 9. Remove service plug grip.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Be sure to wear insulated gloves.
- Do not inspect or service the high voltage system with the service plug grip installed.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to remove the service plug grip to cut off the high voltage circuit before servicing the vehicle.





- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to wait at least 10 minutes after removing the service plug grip to fully discharge the high voltage capacitor inside the inverter with converter assembly.
- Keep the removed service plug grip in your pocket to prevent other technicians from accidentally installing it while you are servicing the vehicle.



#### **NOTICE:**

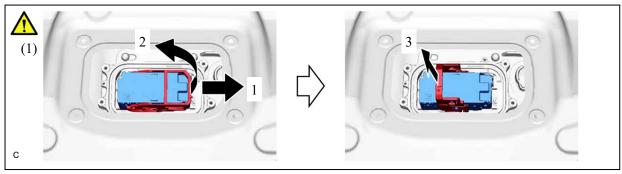
 After removing the service plug grip, turning the power switch on (READY) may cause a malfunction. Do not turn the power switch on (READY) unless instructed by the repair manual.





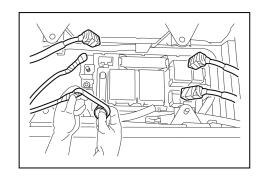
#### HINT:

Waiting for at least 10 minutes is required to discharge the high voltage capacitor inside the inverter with converter assembly.



- (1) While wearing insulated gloves, rotate the handle of the service plug grip and remove the service plug grip as indicated by the arrows, in the order shown in the illustration.
- 10. Make other staff aware that a high-voltage system is being dismantled by using the following sign: CAUTION: HIGH-VOLTAGE. DO NOT TOUCH (see page 46).

11. After disconnecting or exposing a high-voltage connector or terminal, insulate it immediately using insulating tape. Before disconnecting or touching a bare high-voltage terminal, wear insulated gloves.



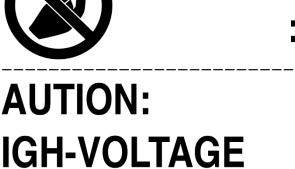
- 12. Check the HV battery and nearby area for leakage. If you find any liquid, wear rubber gloves and goggles, and wipe up the liquid using waste rags etc.
- 13. If the electrolyte comes in contact with your skin, wash the area thoroughly with soap and plenty of water, and seek medical care. If the electrolyte comes in contact with an article of clothing, take it off immediately. Prolonged contact with the electrolyte may cause skin irritation.
- 14. If the electrolyte comes in contact with your eyes, call out loudly for help. Do not rub your eyes. Wash them immediately with a large amount of water and seek medical care.
- 15. With the exception of the HV battery, remove parts by following procedures which are similar to conventional Toyota vehicles. For the removal of the HV battery, refer to the following pages.

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Person in charge:

# **CAUTION: HIGH-VOLTAGE** DO NOT TOUCH.







Person in charge:

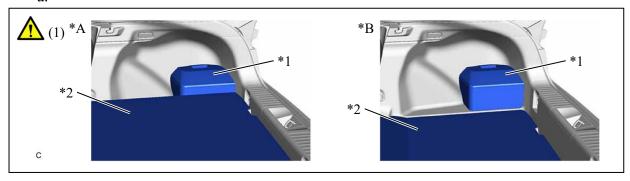
### Removal of HV battery (for HEV Model)

# $\triangle$

#### WARNING:

- Be sure to wear insulated gloves when handling high-voltage parts.
- Even if the vehicle is shut off and the relays are off, be sure to remove the service plug grip before performing any further work.
- Power remains in the high voltage electrical system for 10 minutes even after the HV battery assembly is shut off because the circuit has a condenser that stores power.
- Make sure that the tester reading is 0 V before touching any high-voltage terminals which are not insulated.
- The SRS may remain powered for up to 90 seconds after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from unintentional SRS deployment, avoid cutting the SRS components.
- 1. SHUT OFF IGNITION (READY indicator is off)
- 2. REMOVE BATTERY SERVICE HOLE COVER ASSEMBLY (for M20A-FXS)

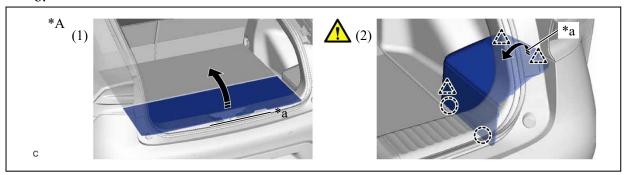
a.



*A	for Type A	*B	except Type A
*1	Battery Service Hole Cover Assembly	*2	Deck Board Assembly

(1) Using the illustration, check the specification of the deck board assembly.

b.

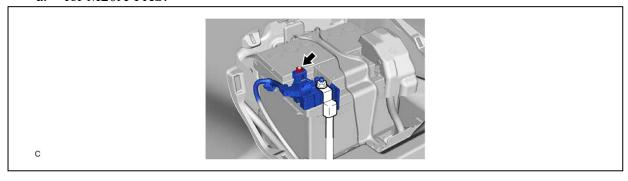


*A	for Type A	-	-
*a	Handle	-	-

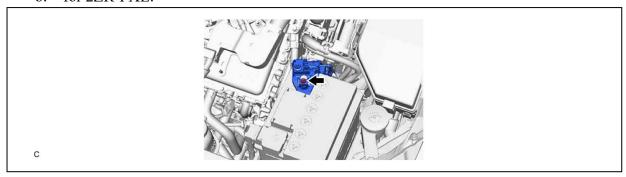
- (1) for Type A:
  - a) Turn back the deck board assembly as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Pull the handle to disengage the 3 clips and 2 claws and remove the battery service hole cover assembly.

#### 3. DISCONNECT CABLE FROM NEGATIVE AUXILIARY BATTERY TERMINAL

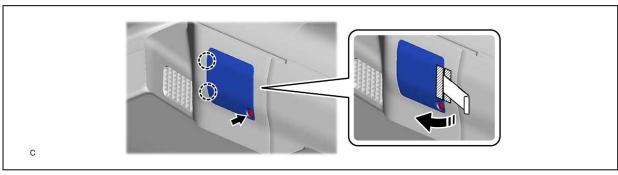
a. for M20A-FXS:



## b. for 2ZR-FXE:



## 4. REMOVE BATTERY SERVICE HOLE COVER



#### 5. REMOVE SERVICE PLUG GRIP

#### **CAUTION:**

- Be sure to wear insulated gloves.
- Do not inspect or service the high voltage system with the service plug grip installed.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to remove the service plug grip to cut off the high voltage circuit before servicing the vehicle.





- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to wait at least 10 minutes after removing the service plug grip to fully discharge the high voltage capacitor inside the inverter with converter assembly.
- Keep the removed service plug grip in your pocket to prevent other technicians from accidentally installing it while you are servicing the vehicle.



#### **NOTICE:**

 After removing the service plug grip, turning the power switch on (READY) may cause a malfunction. Do not turn the power switch on (READY) unless instructed by the repair manual.

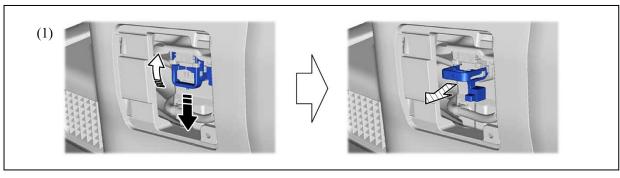


• Do not touch the terminals of the service plug grip.

#### HINT:

Waiting for at least 10 minutes is required to discharge the high voltage capacitor inside the inverter with converter assembly.

a.

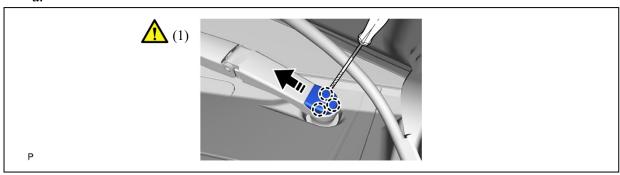


 Remove in this Direction (1)		Remove in this Direction (2)
Remove in this Direction (3)	-	-

(1) While wearing insulated gloves, rotate the handle of the service plug grip and remove the service plug grip as indicated by the arrows, in the order shown in the illustration.

## 6. REMOVE FRONT WIPER ARM HEAD CAP (for Type A)

а

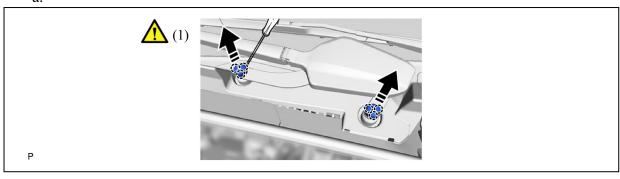


	Remove in this Direction	-	-
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- (1) Using a screwdriver with its tip wrapped with protective tape, disengage the 3 claws to remove the front wiper arm head cap.
- (2) Use the same procedure for the RH side and LH side.

## 7. REMOVE SHIELD CAP (for Type B)

ล

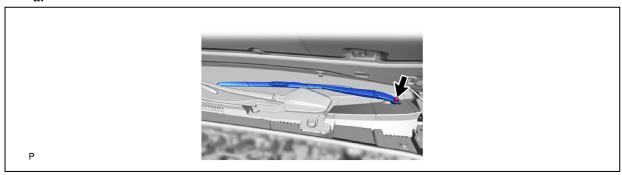


|--|

(1) Using a screwdriver with its tip wrapped with protective tape, disengage the 6 claws to remove the 2 shield caps.

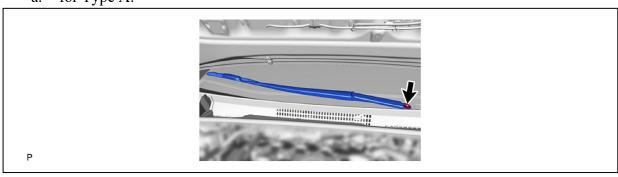
## 8. REMOVE FRONT WIPER ARM AND BLADE ASSEMBLY LH

a.

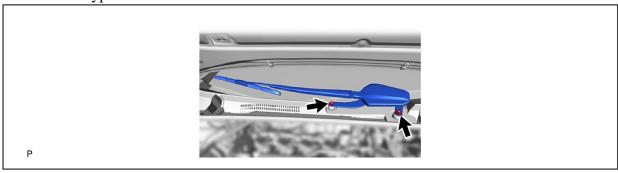


## 9. REMOVE FRONT WIPER ARM AND BLADE ASSEMBLY RH

a. for Type A:

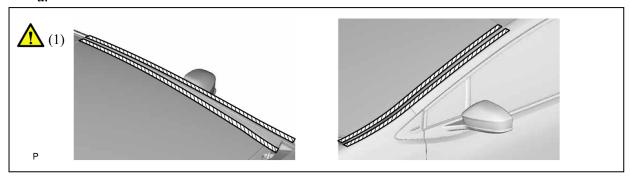


## b. for Type B:



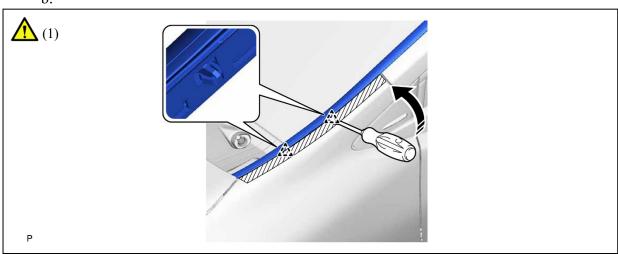
## 10. REMOVE WINDSHIELD LOWER OUTSIDE MOULDING LH

a.



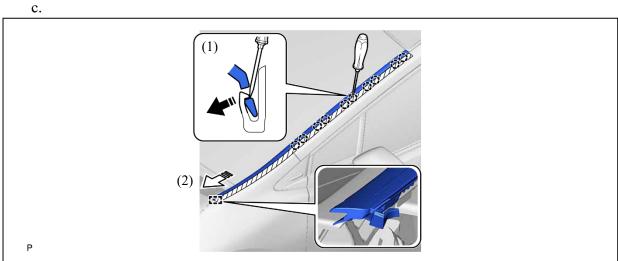
(1) Apply protective tape around the windshield lower outside moulding as shown in the illustration.

b.



-	Remove in this Direction	-	-

(1) Using a clip remover, disengage the 2 clips as shown in the illustration.



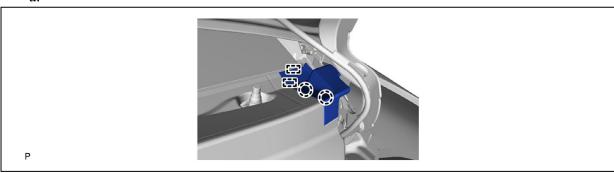
=	Remove in this Direction (1)	Remove in this Direction (2)

- (1) Using a screwdriver with its tip wrapped with protective tape, disengage the 10 claws as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Disengage the guide and remove the windshield lower outside moulding as shown in the illustration.

#### 11. REMOVE WINDSHIELD LOWER OUTSIDE MOULDING RH

Use the same procedure as for the LH side.

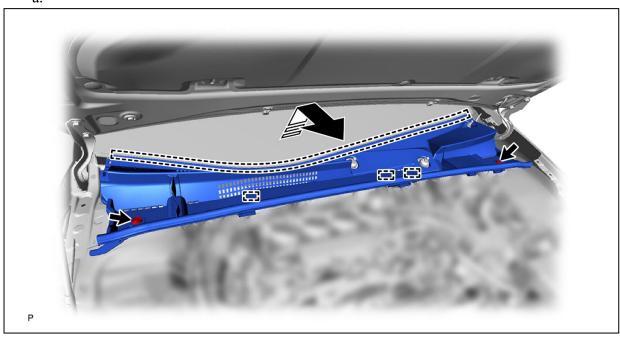
#### 12. REMOVE COWL WATER EXTRACT SHIELD LH



## 13. REMOVE COWL WATER EXTRACT SHIELD RH

a. Use the same procedure as for the LH side.

## 14. REMOVE COWL TOP VENTILATOR LOUVER SUB-ASSEMBLY



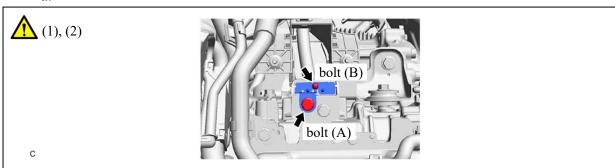
#### 15. CHECK TERMINAL VOLTAGE



#### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

a.

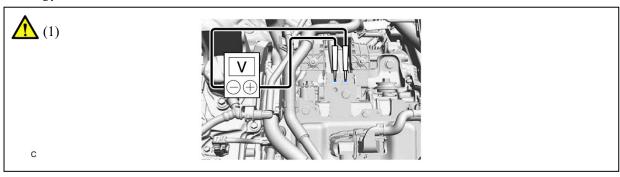


- (1) Remove the bolt (A).
- (2) Using a T20 "TORX" socket wrench, remove the bolt (B) and connector cover assembly from the inverter with converter assembly.

#### **NOTICE:**

- Do not touch the connector cover assembly waterproof seal.
- Do not allow any foreign matter or water to enter the inverter with converter assembly.

b.



(1) Using a voltmeter, measure the voltage between the terminals of the 2 phase connectors.

## **Standard Voltage:**

0 V

#### **NOTICE:**

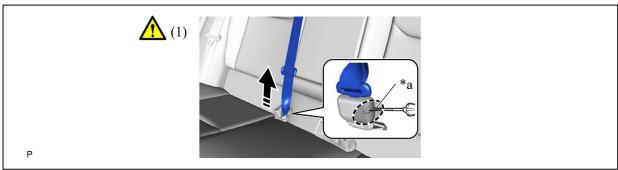
Do not allow any foreign matter or water to enter the inverter with converter assembly.

#### HINT:

Use a measuring range of DC 750 V or more on the voltmeter.

#### 16. DISCONNECT REAR CENTER SEAT OUTER BELT ASSEMBLY

a.

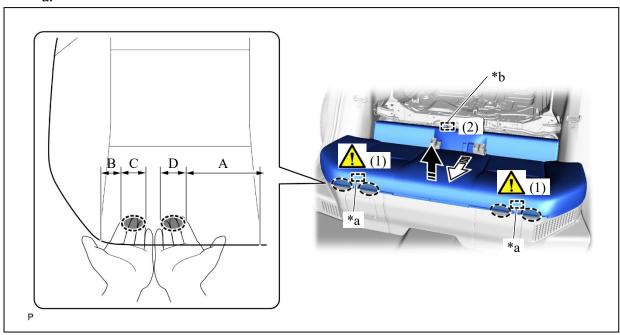


*a	Protective Tape	-	-
-	Remove in this Direction	0	Insert Screwdriver Here

(1) Using a screwdriver with its tip wrapped with protective tape, disconnect the rear center seat outer belt assembly.

#### 17. REMOVE REAR SEAT CUSHION ASSEMBLY

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*a	Rear Seat Cushion Frame Hook (Front	*b	Rear Seat Cushion Frame Hook (Rear
	Side)		Side)
$\bigcirc$	Place Hand Here		Remove in this Direction (1)
	Remove in this Direction (2)	-	-

(1) Lift the front edge of the rear seat cushion assembly as shown in the illustration and disengage the 2 rear seat cushion frame hooks on the front side of the rear seat cushion assembly from the rear seat cushion lock hooks.

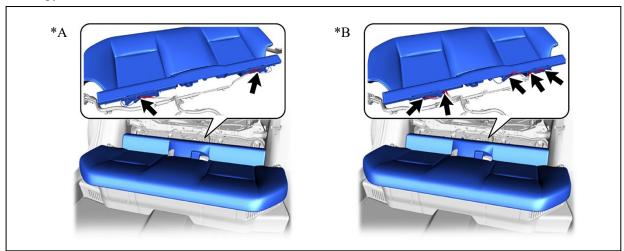
#### **Standard Measurement:**

Area	Measurement	Area	Measurement
A	95.6 mm (3.76 in.)	В	26.4 mm (1.04 in.)
С	51.2 mm (2.02 in.)	D	56.4 mm (2.22 in.)

#### NOTICE:

- Disengage each hook at the front part of the rear seat cushion frame one area at a time.
- Be sure to hold the parts of the seat cushion assembly directly next to the rear seat cushion frame hooks when lifting it. Lifting a different part of the cushion may deform the rear seat cushion frame.
- (2) Disengage the rear seat cushion frame hook on the rear side of the rear seat cushion assembly as shown in the illustration.

b.



*A for Type A	*B for Type B	
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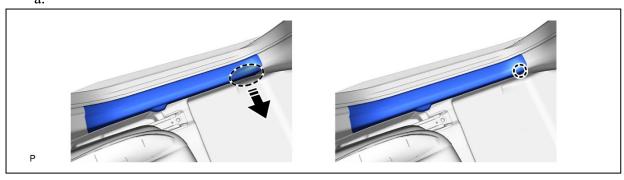
- (1) Disconnect each connector.
  - c. Remove the rear seat cushion assembly.

#### **NOTICE:**

Be careful not to damage the vehicle body.

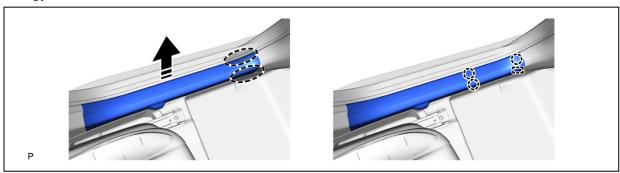
## 18. REMOVE REAR DOOR SCUFF PLATE INSIDE LH

a.



Place Hand Here Remove in this Direction

b.



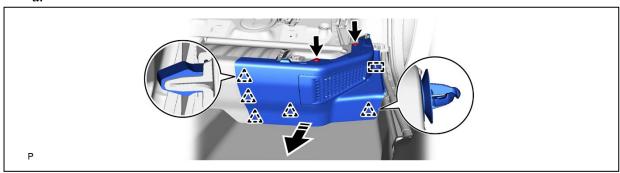
Place Hand Here Remove in this Direction

P.

Remove in this Direction - -

#### 19. REMOVE REAR UNDER SIDE COVER LH

а.



	Remove in this Direction	-	-
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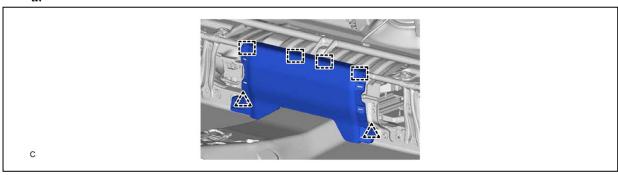
#### 20. REMOVE REAR DOOR SCUFF PLATE INSIDE RH

a. Use the same procedure as for the LH side.

## 21. REMOVE REAR UNDER SIDE COVER RH

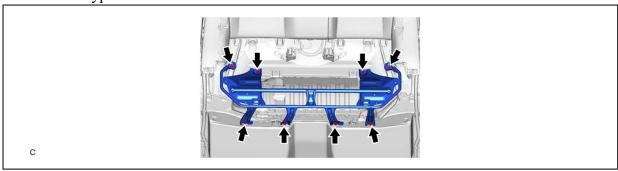
a. Use the same procedure as for the LH side.

#### 22. REMOVE REAR UNDER COVER

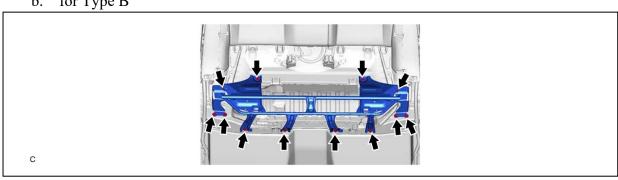


## 23. REMOVE REAR SEAT CUSHION LEG SUB-ASSEMBLY

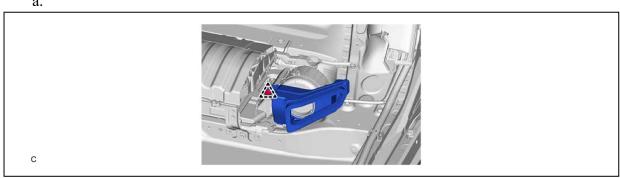
## a. for Type A



## for Type B



## 24. REMOVE NO. 1 EV BATTERY INTAKE DUCT

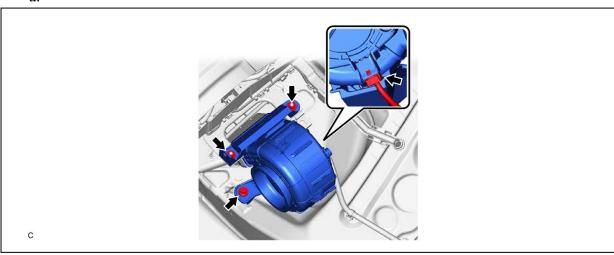


#### 25. REMOVE BATTERY COOLING BLOWER ASSEMBLY



#### **CAUTION:**

- Be sure not to touch the fan part of the battery cooling blower assembly.
- Do not lift the battery cooling blower assembly using the wire harness.



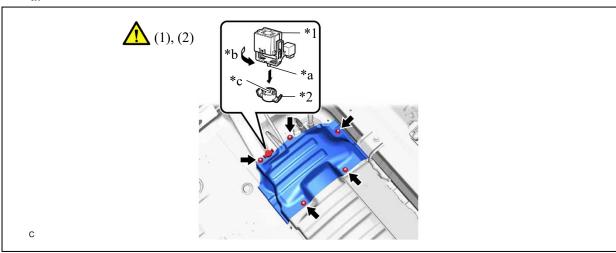
## 26. REMOVE NO. 1 HV BATTERY COVER PANEL RH



#### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

a



*1	Service Plug Grip	*2	Battery Cover Lock Striker
*a	Projection	*b	Turn
*c	Button	-	-

(1) Using the service plug grip, remove the battery cover lock striker.

#### HINT:

Insert the projection of the service plug grip and turn the button of the battery cover lock striker counterclockwise to release the lock.

(2) Remove the 5 nuts and No. 1 HV battery cover panel RH from the HV battery.

#### 27. DISCONNECT FLOOR UNDER WIRE

#### **CAUTION:**

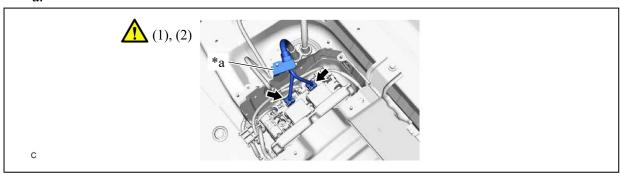
 $\wedge$ 

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

#### **NOTICE:**

Insulate each disconnected high-voltage connector with insulating tape. Wrap the connector from the wire harness side to the end of the connector.

a.



*a	Shield Ground	-	-

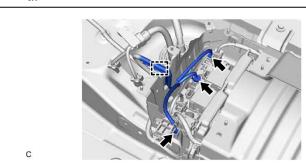
- (1) Disconnect the 2 No. 1 traction battery device box connectors.
- (2) Disconnect the shield ground from the HV battery.

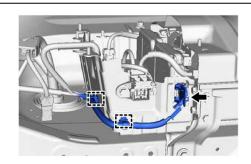
### 28. DISCONNECT FLOOR WIRE



#### **CAUTION:**

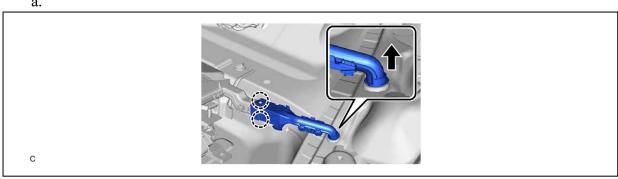
Be sure to wear insulated gloves.





## 29. REMOVE HYBRID BATTERY HOSE ASSEMBLY

а



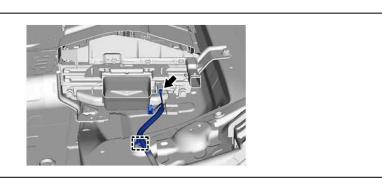
## 30. DISCONNECT FLOOR WIRE



## **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

a.



С

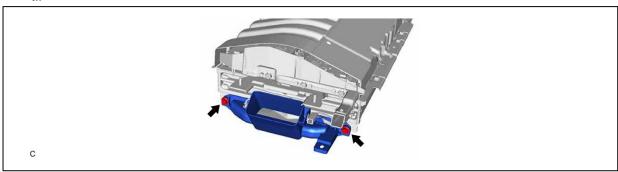
## 31. REMOVE NO. 2 HV BATTERY INTAKE DUCT



## **CAUTION:**

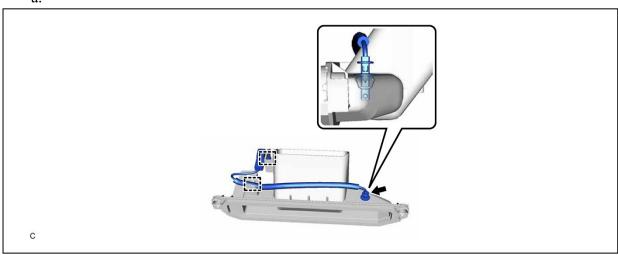
Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

a.



## 32. REMOVE NO. 3 HV BATTERY PACK WIRE

ล



#### 33. REMOVE HV SUPPLY BATTERY ASSEMBLY

#### **CAUTION:**

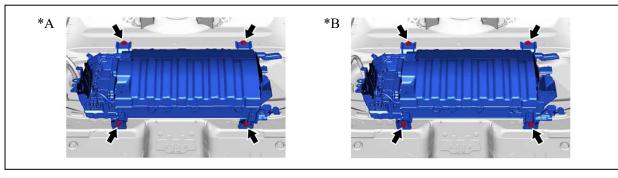
Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

#### **NOTICE:**

- Do not allow foreign matter, such as grease or oil, to adhere to the bolts of the HV battery.
- To prevent the wire harness from being caught, make sure to bundle the wire harness using insulating tape or equivalent.



- Use cardboard or another similar material to protect the HV battery and vehicle body from damage.
- Since the HV battery is very heavy, 2 people are needed to remove it. When removing the HV battery, be careful not to damage the parts around it.
- When removing the HV battery from the vehicle, do not allow it to contact the vehicle.
- When removing/installing/moving the HV battery, make sure not to tilt it more than 80°.
- Insulate the disconnected terminals or connectors with insulating tape.



*A for Type A	*B	for Type B
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## Removal of HV battery (for PHEV Model)

# $\triangle$

## WARNING:

- Be sure to wear insulated gloves when handling high-voltage parts.
- Even if the vehicle is shut off and the relays are off, be sure to remove the service plug grip before performing any further work.
- Power remains in the high voltage electrical system for 10 minutes even after the HV battery assembly is shut off because the circuit has a condenser that stores power.
- Make sure that the tester reading is 0 V before touching any high-voltage terminals which are not insulated.
- The SRS may remain powered for up to 90 seconds after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from unintentional SRS deployment, avoid cutting the SRS components.
- 1. RECOVER REFRIGERANT FROM REFRIGERATION SYSTEM
- 2. SHUT OFF IGNITION (**READY** indicator is off)
- 3. REMOVE BATTERY SERVICE HOLE COVER ASSEMBLY

a.

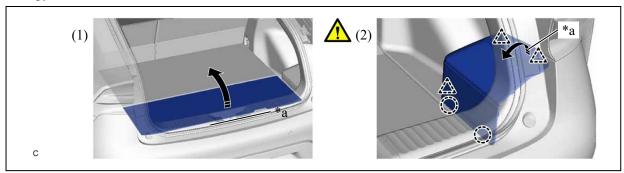
\*2

\*2

*1	Battery Service Hole Cover Assembly	*2	Deck Board Assembly
----	-------------------------------------	----	---------------------

(1) Using the illustration, check the specification of the deck board assembly.

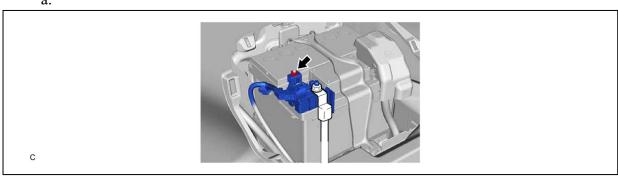
b.



|--|

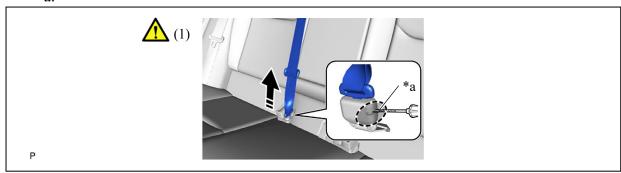
- (1) Turn back the deck board assembly as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Pull the handle to disengage the 3 clips and 2 claws and remove the battery service hole cover assembly.

## 4. DISCONNECT CABLE FROM NEGATIVE AUXILIARY BATTERY TERMINAL



## 5. DISCONNECT REAR CENTER SEAT OUTER BELT ASSEMBLY

a.

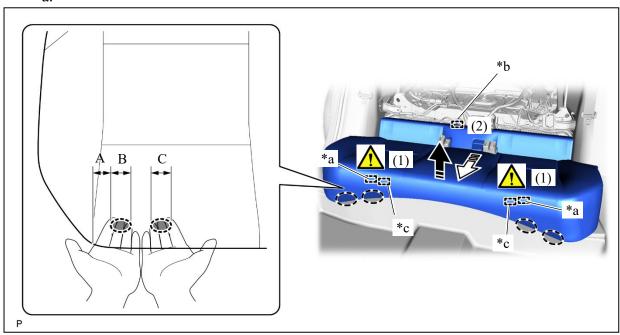


*a	Protective Tape	-	-
-	Remove in this Direction	$\bigcirc$	Insert Screwdriver Here

(1) Using a screwdriver with its tip wrapped with protective tape, disconnect the rear center seat outer belt assembly.

## 6. REMOVE REAR SEAT CUSHION ASSEMBLY

a



*a	Rear Seat Cushion Frame Hook (Front Side)	*b	Rear Seat Cushion Frame Hook (Rear Side)
*c	Guide	-	-
	Place Hand Here	-	Remove in this Direction (1)
	Remove in this Direction (2)	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Lift the front edge of the rear seat cushion assembly as shown in the illustration and disengage the 2 rear seat cushion frame hooks on the front side of the rear seat cushion assembly from the rear seat cushion lock hooks.

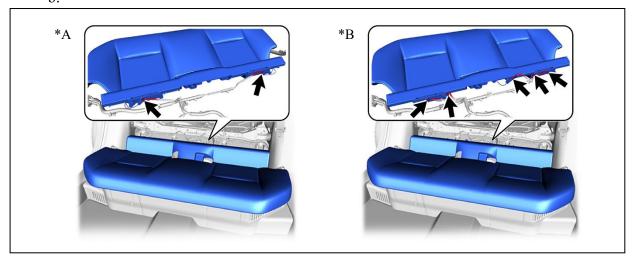
### **Standard Measurement:**

Area	Measurement	Area	Measurement
A	55.0 mm (2.17 in.)	В	60.0 mm (2.36 in.)
С	62.0 mm (2.44 in.)	-	-

#### NOTICE:

- Disengage each hook at the front part of the rear seat cushion frame one area at a time.
- Be sure to hold the parts of the seat cushion assembly directly next to the rear seat cushion frame hooks when lifting it. Lifting a different part of the cushion may deform the rear seat cushion frame.
- (2) Disengage the rear seat cushion frame hook on the rear side of the rear seat cushion assembly as shown in the illustration.

b.



*A for Type A	*B for Type B	
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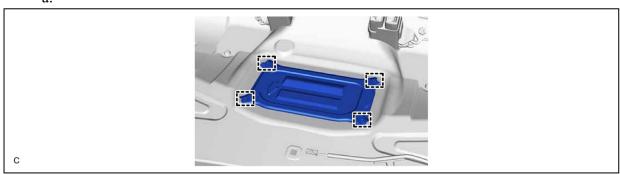
- (3) Disconnect each connector.
  - c. Remove the rear seat cushion assembly.

#### **NOTICE:**

Be careful not to damage the vehicle body.

## 7. REMOVE REAR FLOOR SERVICE HOLE COVER

ล



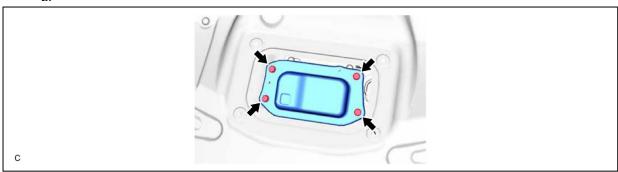
## 8. REMOVE NO. 2 TRACTION BATTERY COVER



## **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

a.



## 9. REMOVE NO. 1 HYBRID BATTERY SEAL



## **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.



### 10. REMOVE SERVICE PLUG GRIP

#### **CAUTION:**

- Be sure to wear insulated gloves.
- Do not inspect or service the high voltage system with the service plug grip installed.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to remove the service plug grip to cut off the high voltage circuit before servicing the vehicle.





- To reduce the risk of electric shock, make sure to wait at least 10 minutes after removing the service plug grip to fully discharge the high voltage capacitor inside the inverter with converter assembly.
- Keep the removed service plug grip in your pocket to prevent other technicians from accidentally installing it while you are servicing the vehicle.



### **NOTICE:**

 After removing the service plug grip, turning the power switch on (READY) may cause a malfunction. Do not turn the power switch on (READY) unless instructed by the repair manual.

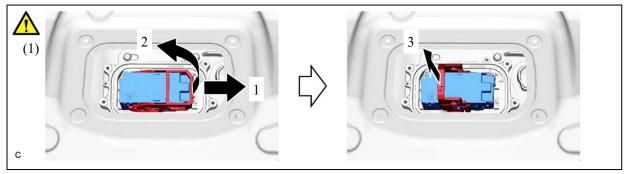


• Do not touch the terminals of the service plug grip.

#### HINT:

Waiting for at least 10 minutes is required to discharge the high voltage capacitor inside the inverter with converter assembly.

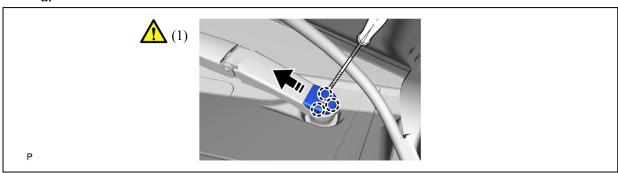
a.



(1) While wearing insulated gloves, rotate the handle of the service plug grip and remove the service plug grip as indicated by the arrows, in the order shown in the illustration.

## 11. REMOVE FRONT WIPER ARM HEAD CAP (for Type A)

a.

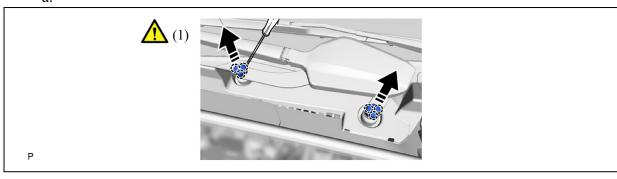


	Remove in this Direction	-	-
--	--------------------------	---	---

- (1) Using a screwdriver with its tip wrapped with protective tape, disengage the 3 claws to remove the front wiper arm head cap.
- (2) Use the same procedure for the RH side and LH side.

## 12. REMOVE SHIELD CAP (for Type B)

а

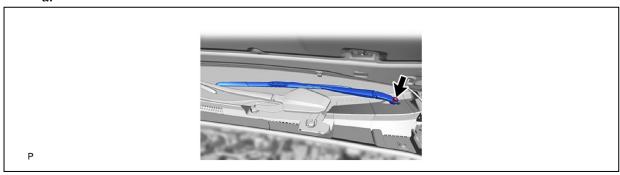


|--|

(1) Using a screwdriver with its tip wrapped with protective tape, disengage the 6 claws to remove the 2 shield caps.

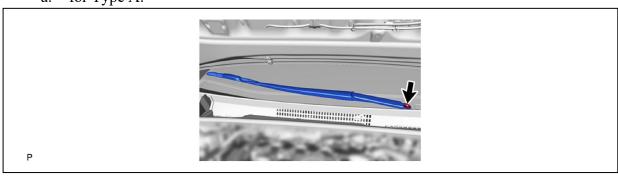
## 13. REMOVE FRONT WIPER ARM AND BLADE ASSEMBLY LH

a.

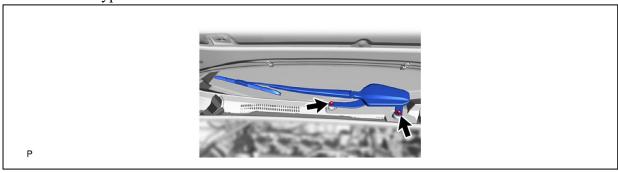


## 14. REMOVE FRONT WIPER ARM AND BLADE ASSEMBLY RH

## a. for Type A:

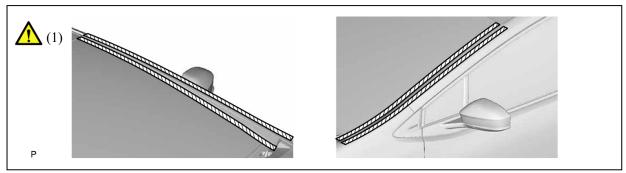


# b. for Type B:



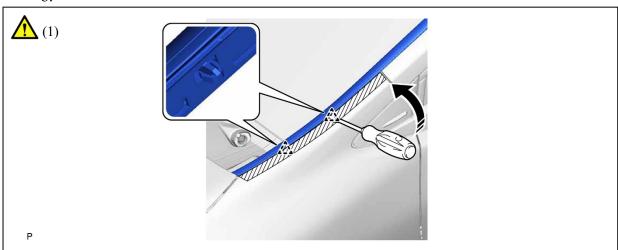
## 15. REMOVE WINDSHIELD LOWER OUTSIDE MOULDING LH

a.



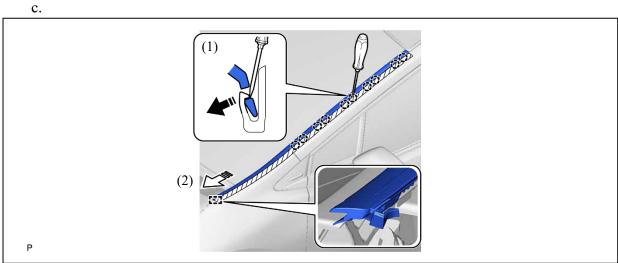
(1) Apply protective tape around the windshield lower outside moulding as shown in the illustration.

b.



	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T		<u> </u>
-	Remove in this Direction	-	-

(1) Using a clip remover, disengage the 2 clips as shown in the illustration.



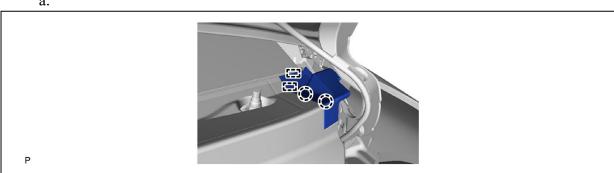
Remove in this Direction (1) Remove in this D	irection (2)
---	--------------

- (1) Using a screwdriver with its tip wrapped with protective tape, disengage the 10 claws as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Disengage the guide and remove the windshield lower outside moulding as shown in the illustration.

## 16. REMOVE WINDSHIELD LOWER OUTSIDE MOULDING RH

Use the same procedure as for the LH side.

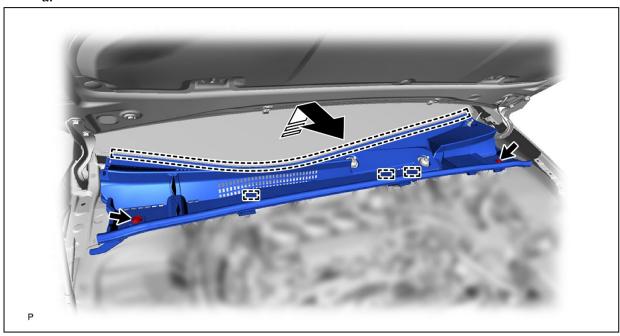
## 17. REMOVE COWL WATER EXTRACT SHIELD LH



## 18. REMOVE COWL WATER EXTRACT SHIELD RH

a. Use the same procedure as for the LH side.

## 19. REMOVE COWL TOP VENTILATOR LOUVER SUB-ASSEMBLY



Remove in this Direction	-	-	
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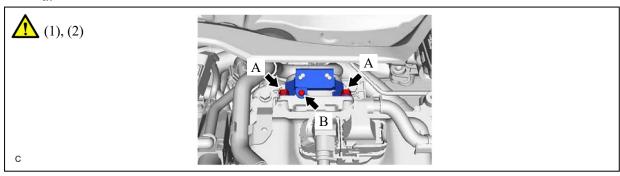
## 20. CHECK TERMINAL VOLTAGE



### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves.

a.

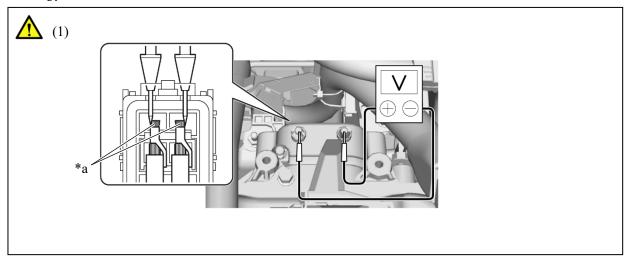


- (1) Remove the 2 bolts (A).
- (2) Using a T20 "TORX" socket wrench, remove the bolt (B) and connector cover assembly from the inverter with converter assembly.

#### **NOTICE:**

- Do not touch the connector cover assembly waterproof seal.
- Do not allow any foreign matter or water to enter the inverter with converter assembly.

b.



*a Terminal	-	-
-------------	---	---

(1) Using a voltmeter, measure the voltage between the terminals of the 2 phase connectors.

## **Standard Voltage:**

0 V

#### NOTICE:

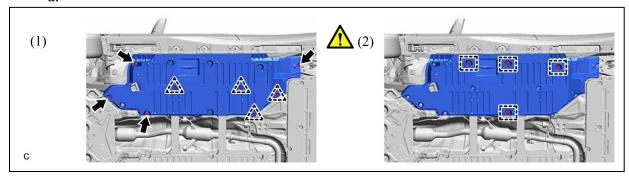
Do not allow any foreign matter or water to enter the inverter with converter assembly.

#### HINT:

Use a measuring range of DC 750 V or more on the voltmeter.

## 21. REMOVE FRONT FLOOR COVER LH

a.



- (1) Remove the 2 bolts, 2 nuts, 4 clips.
- (2) Turn the clip and remove the front floor cover LH from the vehicle body.

#### **NOTICE:**

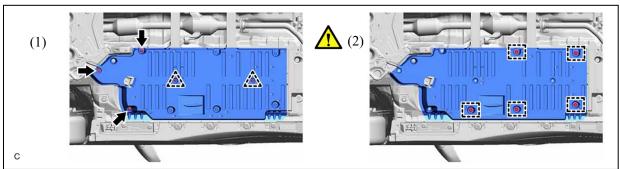
If the clip is not turned when the front floor cover LH is removed, the front floor cover LH or stud bolt may be damaged.

### HINT:

Do not remove the clip from the front floor cover LH.

## 22. REMOVE FRONT FLOOR COVER RH

a.



- (1) Remove the bolt, 2 nuts, 2 clips.
- (2) Turn the clip and remove the front floor cover RH from the vehicle body.

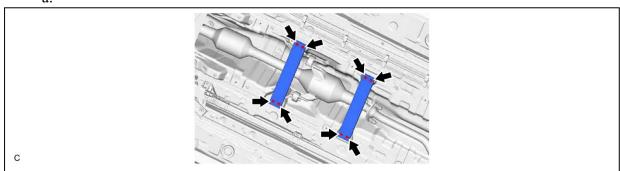
## **NOTICE:**

If the clip is not turned when the front floor cover RH is removed, the front floor cover RH or stud bolt may be damaged.

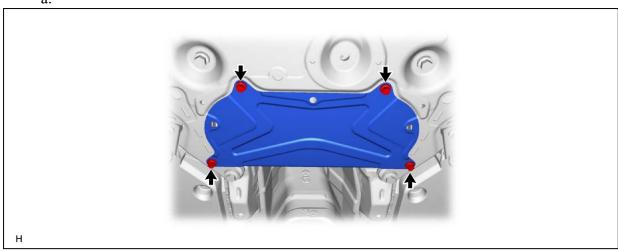
### HINT:

Do not remove the clip from the front floor cover RH.

## 23. REMOVE FRONT FLOOR CENTER BRACE



## 24. REMOVE NO. 2 ENGINE UNDER COVER

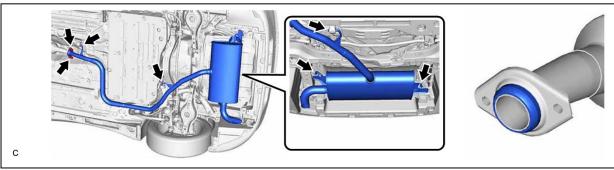


## 25. REMOVE TAIL EXHAUST PIPE ASSEMBLY



## **CAUTION:**

To prevent burns, do not touch the engine, exhaust pipe or other high temperature components while the engine is hot.



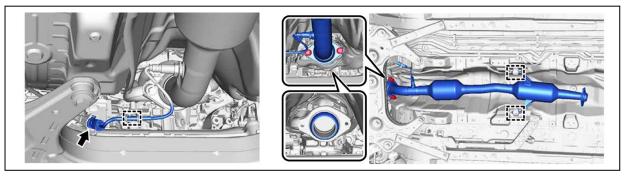
## 26. REMOVE FRONT EXHAUST PIPE ASSEMBLY

### **CAUTION:**

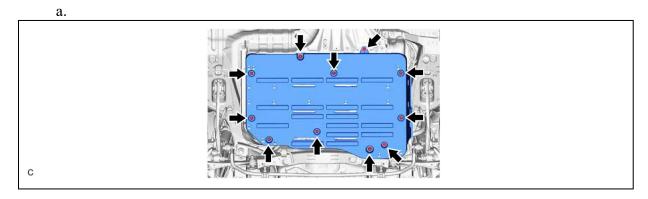


- To prevent burns, do not touch the engine, exhaust manifold or other high temperature components while the engine is hot.
- To prevent burns, do not touch the engine, exhaust pipe or other high temperature components while the engine is hot.

a.

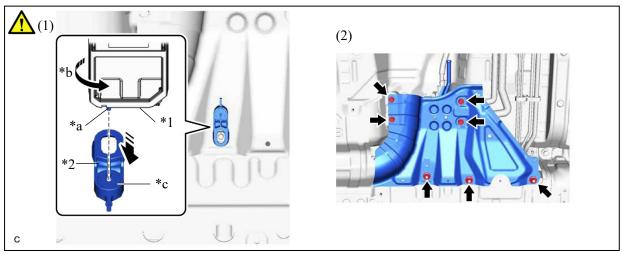


## 27. REMOVE BATTERY BOX COVER



## 28. REMOVE BATTERY BOX PANEL SUB-ASSEMBLY

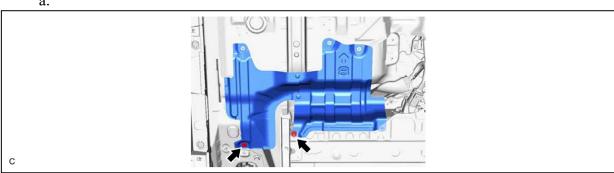
a.



*1	Service Plug Grip	*2	No.23 Traction Battery Bracket
*a	Projection	*b	Turn
*c	Button	-	-

- (1) Insert the projection of the service plug grip and turn the button of the No.23 traction battery bracket counterclockwise to release the lock to remove the No.23 traction battery bracket.
- (2) Remove the 4 bolts, 3 nuts and battery box panel sub-assembly.

## 29. REMOVE NO. 1 CENTER FLOOR HEAT INSULATOR SUB-ASSEMBLY



## 30. DISCONNECT FLIQUID TUBE SUB-ASSEMBLY C

### **CAUTION:**

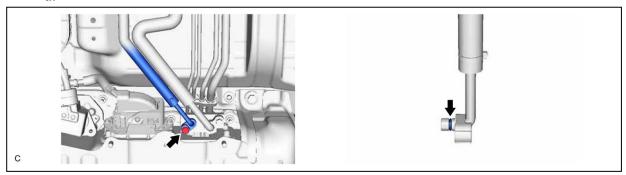


Be sure to wear insulated gloves and protective goggles.

## NOTICE:

Seal the openings of the disconnected parts with vinyl tape to prevent entry of moisture and foreign matter.

a.



## 31. DISCONNECT NO. 8 DISCHARGE TUBE

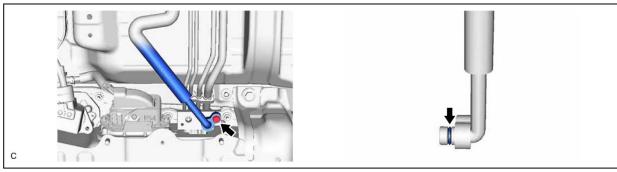
### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to wear insulated gloves and protective goggles.



#### **NOTICE:**

Seal the openings of the disconnected parts with vinyl tape to prevent entry of moisture and foreign matter.



## 32. DISCONNECT FLOOR UNDER WIRE

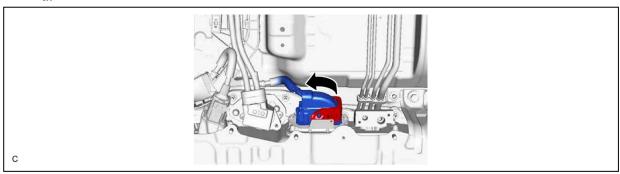
## **CAUTION:**

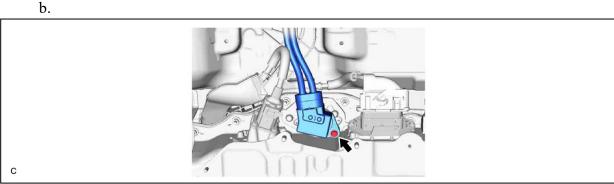


Be sure to wear insulated gloves and protective goggles.

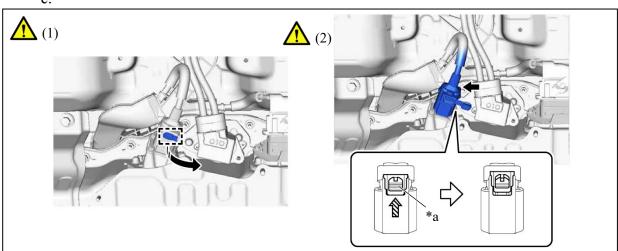
## **NOTICE:**

Insulate the disconnected terminals and connector with insulating tape.





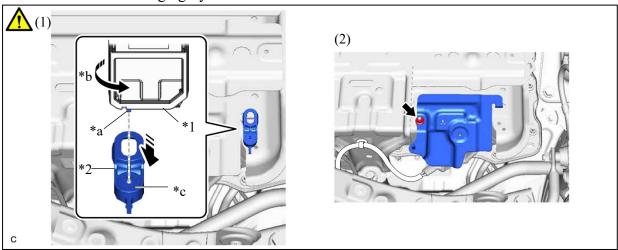
c.



*a	Green-colored Lock	-	-
-	Slide	-	-

- (1) Disengage the rubber cap and slide it as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Using a screwdriver, slide the green-colored lock of the connector as shown in the illustration to release it and disconnect the floor under wire.

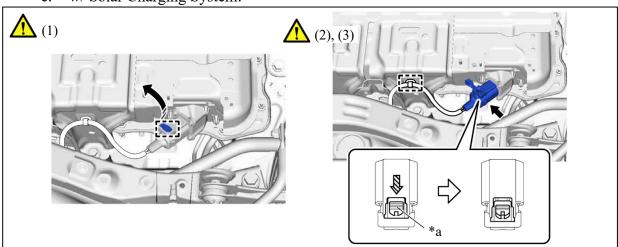
## d. w/ Solar Charging System:



*1	Service Plug Grip	*2	No.23 Traction Battery Bracket
*a	Projection	*b	Turn
*c	Button	-	-

- (1) Insert the projection of the service plug grip and turn the button of the No.23 traction battery bracket counterclockwise to release the lock to remove the No.23 traction battery bracket.
- (2) Remove the nut and No.20 traction battery bracket.

e. w/ Solar Charging System:



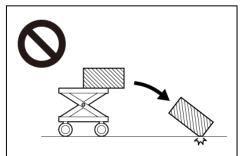
*a	Green-colored Lock	-	-
-	Slide	-	-

- (1) Disengage the rubber cap and slide it as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Using a screwdriver, slide the green-colored lock of the connector as shown in the illustration to release it and disconnect the floor under wire.
- (3) Disengage the clamp.

### 33. REMOVE HV SUPPLY BATTERY ASSEMBLY

#### **CAUTION:**

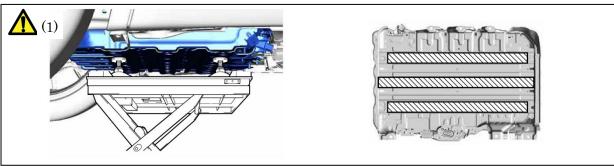
 Because the weight of the HV supply battery assembly is extremely heavy, make sure to follow the work procedures described in the repair manual.





- If work is not performed according to the procedures described in the repair manual, there is a danger that the components could fall down.
- Do not damage the HV supply battery assembly with the fork etc.
- · Be sure to wear insulated gloves and protective goggles.

a.



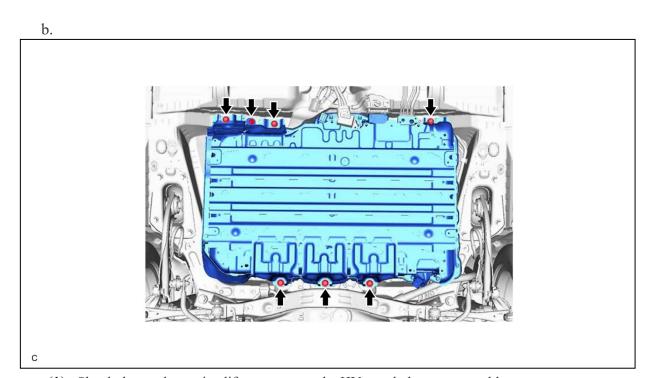
Area That Can Touch the Ground			-	-
--------------------------------	--	--	---	---

(1) Using an engine lifter and 4 attachments or equivalent tools, support the HV supply battery assembly as shown in the illustration.

#### NOTICE:

- Do not allow foreign matter, such as grease or oil, to adhere to the bolts of the HV supply battery assembly.
- To prevent the wire harness from being caught, make sure to bundle the wire harness using insulating tape or equivalent.
- Since the HV supply battery assembly is very heavy, 2 people are needed to remove it.

  When removing the HV supply battery assembly, be careful not to damage the parts around it.
- When removing/installing/moving the HV supply battery assembly, make sure not to tilt it more than 80°.
- Do not apply any load outside of the area that can touch the ground.



(1) Slowly lower the engine lifter to remove the HV supply battery assembly.

#### **NOTICE:**

Be careful not to drop the HV supply battery assembly.